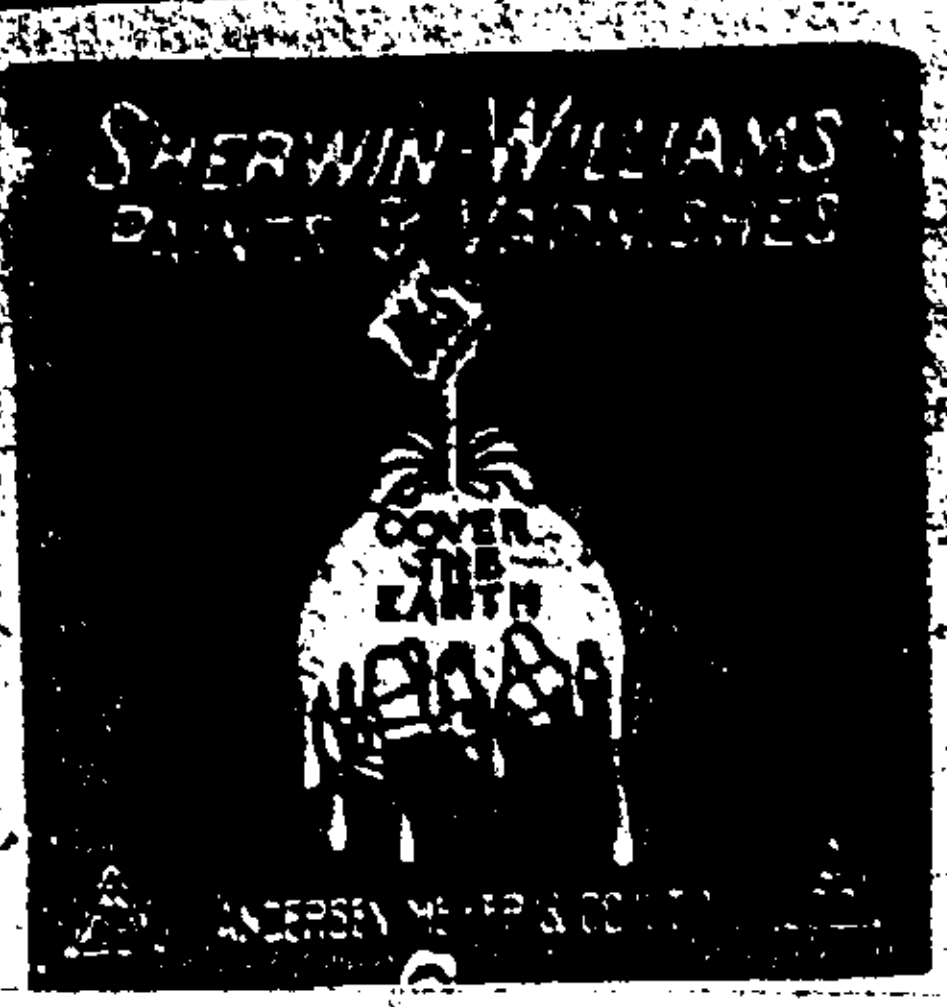




The Hongkong Telegraph



MONDAY, AUGUST 14, 1922. 日一十月八

THE REPARATIONS PROBLEM.

Continental Allies Considering Interim Plan.

London, August 13. Ways out of the impasse reached at the conference were considered at a meeting of the French, Belgian, and Italian delegates this morning. According to a French source, it is not unlikely that the French, Belgian, and Italian delegates will be persuaded to support a proposal provisionally to postpone the general solution of the reparations problem for approximately two months, in which the Allies would decide the conditions on which Germany may be granted a moratorium for cash payments. Meanwhile Germany will have to continue the payments.

Alternatively, it is suggested that Germany might be granted a very short moratorium—for example, six to eight weeks—necessitating lesser guarantees, such as a sequestration of Customs receipts and collection of the 35 per cent. on exports, concerning which an agreement has already been reached.

Meanwhile the Allies would have to reach an agreement in regard to German payments, funding German debts by loan, and the regulation of inter-Allied debts.

U. S. RAILWAY STRIKE.

Seniority Question the Sole Obstacle.

Washington, August 13. The railway strike has entered the stage of direct negotiation as the result of President Harding's mediation. Employers and workers conferred at length and discussed the seniority question, which is the sole obstacle to a settlement. It is understood that both sides showed a friendly attitude towards referring the question to an impartial tribunal.

The Executive's Standpoint.

Washington, August 13. Following their meeting with President Harding the Railway Executives announced that they would stand squarely against the restoration of the strikers' seniority rights. They had, however, decided to accept President Harding's proposal that the strikers would return on their old jobs if vacant or on similar work without involving the Executive's surrender of principles regarding seniority, and, if later, questions of seniority arise, they would be referred to the Railroad Labour Board for review.

SEQUEL TO SUN'S DEPARTURE.

Wingfung's Crew Gets Angry.

An interesting story comes to hand from Canton in connection with the departure of Sun Yat-sen from the cruiser Wingfung. It appears that Sun's immediate advisers decided to request the assistance of the British authorities. None of the crew knew of Sun's decision and neither did they learn that he had left the boat until after the Moorhen had left with him on board. Sun had left four of his leading men on board in order to disarm the suspicion of the men and when the news leaked out that Sun had departed, the men immediately arrested the four and held them as hostages against the payment of back pay. Things looked serious when they openly threatened to bombard the shore if they did not get the money owing to them and the assistance of Admiral Wen and others was summoned. Eventually the Admiral managed to secure enough money to satisfy the angry seamen, the four prisoners being later released. It is assumed that they have now made for the North in order to rejoin Sun.

Opinion in Canton favours the theory that the squabbling will eventually go back to the North, to which it rightly belongs. Four big cruisers are at present lying in Deep Bay, whilst others are in Canton. With Sun out of the way all naval officers have resumed duty and there are preparations for a voyage.

"SHE LOVES AND LIES."

At the Coronet.

The part which Norma Talmdge has in "She Loves and Lies," to-day's attraction at the Coronet, seems as though it must have been specially written for her. The minor parts are cleverly enough sustained but at best they are mere foils to the winking little figure which trips through five fascinating reels, joy of life and dancing fun in her every movement. "She Loves and Lies" is pure comedy with the threads of romance woven into the fabric of it.

CATHOLIC MEN'S CLUB.

A very enjoyable billiard match took place in the Catholic Men's Club between 2nd Kings Sgt. Mess. and members of the C.M.C. play commenced on the 9th instant and finished on the 12th. There were seven players on each side, the following being the names and scores:

2nd Kings—Sgt. Major Smith 233, Sgt. Mansman 250, Sgt. Fowler 124, Sgt. Major Reardon 171, Sgt. Burnett 250, Sgt. Newton 243, Sgt. Saunders 145.

Catholic Men's Club—Mr. T.D.O. Sullivan 250, Mr. James 233, Mr. Irvine 250, Mr. Hall 250, Mr. Roylance 147, Mr. Murphy 250, Mr. C.O. Sullivan 250.

CHINA'S CABINET.

Peking Aug. 12.—The belief generally held a few days ago that Wang Chung-huai would not accept nomination to the permanent Premiership failing Tang Shao-yi's acceptance seems to be dissipating, and to-day it is freely stated in Chinese official circles that there is a fair chance of Wang Chung-huai accepting.

There seems no doubt, however, that neither Lu Hsiang nor Tien Wen-shieh will accept portfolios and it is stated that Pien Shou-ching, the Chairman of the Coiblu Provincial Assembly, and Sun Tan-lin, Vice-Minister of the Interior, will be nominated shortly as Ministers of Commerce and Interior respectively. Chang Shou-hung took over the War Office this morning.—Reuter.

HSU QUILTS POLITICS.

Ex-President Hsu Shih-chang inserts a notice in practically all the leading Chinese papers denying that he is engaged in political activities or is promoting the organization of a big political party. Mr. Hsu says that since his retirement from the Presidency, which came to him as a great relief since he had cherished the desire to go into seclusion for a long time, he has kept himself aloof from politics, and that he is no longer interested in the game.

INTERVIEW WITH CHAN.

His Intentions and Opinions.

After a rather trying journey in a native boat, a foreign newspaper correspondent secured an interview with General Chan King-ming at Waichow on Thursday last as a result of which we are enabled to give the leading points which issued out of a lengthy conversation. General Chan has his headquarters on "One Hundred Flower Island" near Waichow. He courteously received the visitors and willingly discussed the present situation.

He said that he would not return to Canton just for the present, neither would he go to the North, although he had received invitations from Peking. The only thing that would ever take him to the North was the taking up by Parliament of the re-writing of the Constitution. He is most anxious that China should possess a Constitution along the lines of that possessed by the United States, in which the Provinces were given a greater measure of autonomy as regards civil administration. Of course, he added, he believed in a strong Central Government having command over all the military affairs and exercising its jurisdiction internally and in foreign matters.

Talking about military forces, he said that the use of military force to bring about a better Constitution was wrong. Dr. Sun was right when he mentioned the use of military power to secure the overthrow of the Manchu Dynasty, but Dr. Sun was now trying to develop the Republic by military force. That could not be done. He (General Chan) was most strongly in favour of reformation, but it was first of all essential that the Constitution should be re-written. There wanted construction, not destruction, and he was emphatically opposed to the development of the Republic by military means. That development must proceed along commercial, industrial, and educational lines. The development of the Province of Kwangtung and the whole of the country should be peaceful in character. That was why he opposed Sun in the scheme of the Northern Expedition.

Speaking of the recent coup in Canton and the question of his responsibility therefore, General Chan said that he personally had no responsibility, but inasmuch as his men had executed the coup and that the officers were his subordinates and in sympathy with him, he supposed that he would have to assume some measure of responsibility for what had happened.

BASEBALL.

Hongkong v. M.B.K.

At Happy Valley on Saturday Hongkong gained an easy victory over the baseball team of the M.B.K. The previous occasion on which these two teams met the victory went to the Japanese, but on Saturday some of their best men were not out.

There was a crowd of enthusiastic fans and the game was keen throughout. It was apparent right from the start that Hongkong were the stronger side and it was not difficult to see which way the honours would go. Scott was catching, Hodgkins right field and Proulx centre field. The main features of the game were Scott's three base hit, with the bases crowded, and the hard hitting by Townsend.

On Saturday next a most interesting game should be seen when the locals meet the South China Athletics, when they hope to avenge their defeat sustained earlier in the season. The proceeds will be in aid of the Swatow Typhoon Fund, and a band will be in attendance.

FILIPINO CLUB RAIDED.

Fourteen Men Arrested.

That they were gambling is the charge preferred against fourteen Filipino members of the Filipino Club, at No. 26 Lee House Street, who were to-day brought before the Magistrate and remanded on the application of their solicitor, Manuel Ramon, and Hilario Castro, who were released on bail of \$100 each, and placed in the police to have been the bankers or keepers of a game.

The raid, which resulted in this wholesale arrest, was effected by Detective Sergeant Fendat and a party of police during the week-end.

One of the Filipinos present in Court proposed to put in a copy of the Articles of the club and the permit that was obtained in connection with its formation.

As stated Ramon and Castro were allowed bail in the sum of \$100 each. The twelve remaining accused had their amounts fixed at \$10 each.

CORRESPONDENCE.

To the Editor of the "Hongkong Telegraph."

The Swatow Relief Gifts.

Sir,—We are glad to find appropriate words to express our deepest thanks on behalf of all those sufferers in the typhoon-stricken districts during the recent fatal typhoon at Swatow, for the sympathy and assistance which has been going on for several months.

Our Canton correspondent reports that five men, who were supposed to be Japanese and who had in their possession seven boxes, were arrested by military pickets in Shaki Street. On being opened, the boxes were found to be filled with clever imitations of the new 20-cent Provincial notes. The Japanese Consul has denied that the men are Japanese, but states they are Formosians.

General Sun Hung-ying, who was formerly a commander of the Kwangai army but who is now in command of small forces for the suppression of bandits in Kwangai and who is acting under orders from the Canton Government to co-operate with him in fighting the bandits and restoring order. He has asked for troops.

General Yip Kue, has issued a statement to the effect that as all the fighting has concluded the West and North rivers must be immediately opened for the resumption of trade. He has appointed Commander Chan Mu in charge of forces to clear these two rivers of pirates and bandits.

Reports have reached Canton that General Chan King-ming is in favour of Tang Shao-yi assuming the post of Civil Governor pending the formal election of a permanent man by the Provincial Assembly. If Tang is not willing to be asked, Yip-hong should be asked.

Telegrams from Peking indicate that the political situation there is still very unsettled. President Li Yuan-hung, has issued a circular telegram stating he has resigned the Presidency as from Saturday last. In addition to this, Wong Chung-wai, who was appointed Acting Premier, has also tendered his resignation and recommends that Chang Shou-hung, the new Minister of war, should be asked to act.

WONG SHU-ANG, Vice-President, Chiu Chow Eight District Commercial Association, No. 20 Canton Road, West, Hongkong, August 12, 1922.

(Enclosure.)

To the Chairman, British Chamber of Commerce, Hongkong.

Dear Sir,—Kindly convey to the various members of your illustrious Chamber and of the British community our warmest thanks on behalf of the panic-stricken sufferers at Swatow and its surrounding districts for their invaluable services, rendered in the hour of most pressing need and for their generous subscriptions freely offered towards the Typhoon Relief Fund, which secures for the prevention of many a survivor from being starved and, especially, of many a dead body from remaining unburied, thereby constituting a permanent and fatal cause of an outbreak of plague or cholera in the neighbourhood. Though we have done something towards the same end, but the distressed area is so extensive we do not know how much worse the case would be if their much-needed assistance were not forthcoming. With their zealous and prompt help we hope the sufferers may settle down and have matters adjusted as soon as possible. I have the honour to be, Dear Sir, Your obedient servant,

WONG SHU-ANG, Vice-President, Chiu Chow Eight District Commercial Association, No. 20 Canton Road, West, Hongkong, August 12th, 1922.

FATAL SHOOTING AFFRAY.

Restaurant Keeper Murdered.

Believed to have some connection with the strike of workmen at the "West Point" restaurant, a shooting affair, which has had fatal results, occurred at 3.30 last night in the entrance to the Canton Police Station compound, the victim being Fung Chun Yuen, proprietor of the Hongkong Restaurant at West Point, who was shot and fatally wounded in the back by a man who successfully escaped.

It appears that the assailant followed Fung up the street and fired a shot from a pistol at almost point-blank range. The man ran away as soon as the shot had been discharged, and was not found in spite of a search which was immediately taken up by a constable. The chorus of police whistles blown by spectators brought out the police from the Station. At that time the restaurant proprietor did not appear to realize that he had been seriously shot. He was able to walk between two constables right up into the Station compound, where, however, the effect of the wound began to tell and he collapsed. A motor ambulance was almost immediately on the scene and in his injured man was taken to the Government Civil Hospital, where he died.

The Hongkong Restaurant, in which the deceased had a proprietary interest, was amongst the few restaurants which managed to open in spite of a strike of a number of the staff, which has been going on for several months.

CHINESE POLITICS.

Interesting Reports From North and South.

Our Canton correspondent reports that five men, who were supposed to be Japanese and who had in their possession seven boxes, were arrested by military pickets in Shaki Street. On being opened, the boxes were found to be filled with clever imitations of the new 20-cent Provincial notes. The Japanese Consul has denied that the men are Japanese, but states they are Formosians.

General Sun Hung-ying, who was formerly a commander of the Kwangai army but who is now in command of small forces for the suppression of bandits in Kwangai and who is acting under orders from the Canton Government to co-operate with him in fighting the bandits and restoring order. He has asked for troops.

General Yip Kue, has issued a statement to the effect that as all the fighting has concluded the West and North rivers must be immediately opened for the resumption of trade. He has appointed Commander Chan Mu in charge of forces to clear these two rivers of pirates and bandits.

Reports have reached Canton that General Chan King-ming is in favour of Tang Shao-yi assuming the post of Civil Governor pending the formal election of a permanent man by the Provincial Assembly. If Tang is not willing to be asked, Yip-hong should be asked.

Telegrams from Peking indicate that the political situation there is still very unsettled. President Li Yuan-hung, has issued a circular telegram stating he has resigned the Presidency as from Saturday last. In addition to this, Wong Chung-wai, who was appointed Acting Premier, has also tendered his resignation and recommends that Chang Shou-hung, the new Minister of war, should be asked to act.

MONDOLIA'S FUTURE.

A special conference has been held in Peking under the auspices of the Russian Affairs Committee, with Mr. Liu Ching-jen presiding, to discuss the restoration of Outer Mongolia as a dependency of China.

THE SWATOW DISASTER.

Conditions More Normal.

Conditions in Swatow are rapidly improving, according to reports received from vessels recently in that port. Even now bodies are still being recovered from the sea, but all the dead on land have now been buried and the survivors are beginning to settle down to business once again.

The Hai Hong, now in Hongkong, was in Swatow on Saturday and from the chief officer a Telegraph reporter this morning was able to learn further details.

It is now possible to load and discharge cargo, there being lighters and labour available. The Hai Hong took up a cargo of rice and brought her normal cargo away.

Food and water seem to be plentiful, the reporter was told, but owing to the tremendous damage to the houses the inhabitants must be in a terrible plight. The people are doing the best they can for accommodation. Most of the buildings have lost their roofs and are in other ways damaged. Nevertheless, many of the houses are inhabitable and afford some sort of shelter.

There are reports of bandits outside the city, but the Magnolia is standing by which will probably deter them from making a raid. These outbreaks, it is stated, are ex-soldiers formerly belonging to the Northern Expedition of Sun Yat-sen, who were routed and dispersed recently in northern Kwangtung by the Cantonese.

In this respect, the hopes of food and shelter.

THE LOCAL FUND.

The fund being raised by the Hongkong General Chamber of Commerce now totals over \$60,000. To-day's list is—

Already acknowledged 53,705

Chartered Bank of I. A. & C. 5000

The East Asiatic Co. Ltd. 1000

Bangkok 200

Messrs. Palmer & Turner 200

Messrs. J. D. Hutchinson & Co. 200

G. P. Lammer, Esq. 150

H. A. Lammer, Esq. 150

Hon. Mr. H. W. Bird. 100

O. Kitchell, Esq. 100

Mrs. O. Kitchell. 50

Messrs. A. B. Moulder & Co. Ltd. 100

A. H. Harris, Esq. 50

Messrs. Watson & Co. 50

Boothband. 25

W. L. Patterson, Esq. 25

\$60,880

We take the following from to-day's Canton Times.

The Swatow Typhoon Disaster Relief Society seeing that contributions from the communities are coming in small sums, which give very little relief to sufferers, has decided to telegraph to the Peking Government for a contribution of two hundred thousand dollars towards the relief funds.

The Society has also proposed to raise the Customs Duties at Swatow by an increase of ten per cent. Mayor Wang, president of the Society, has approached the foreign Consuls on this matter. It is reported that the British, French, American and Japanese Consuls are agreeable to this proposal for this special occasion, and have wired their respective Ambassadors at Peking for approval.

Gen. Chan King-ming in reply to Mr. Chung Shou-nam's, Commissioner of the Provincial Financial Bureau, appeal, states that he has instructed Brigade Commander Yen at Swatow to appropriate sixty thousand dollars for the Swatow Typhoon Disaster Relief Funds.

Among those in Canton who contributed to the Swatow Relief Fund is Gen. Yip Kue, who has donated \$2,000.

Shanghai, August 12.

A message from Peking states that the U.S. Consul in Swatow has reported to the U.S. Legation in Canton.

CHINESE POLITICS.

Interesting Reports From North and South.

Our Canton correspondent reports that five men, who were supposed to be Japanese and who had in their possession seven boxes, were arrested by military pickets in Shaki Street. On being opened, the boxes were found to be filled with clever imitations of the new 20-cent Provincial notes. The Japanese Consul has denied that the men are Japanese, but states they are Formosians.

General Sun Hung-ying, who was formerly a commander of the Kwangai army but who is now in command of small forces for the suppression of bandits in Kwangai and who is acting under orders from the Canton Government to co-operate with him in fighting the bandits and restoring order. He has asked for troops.

General Yip Kue, has issued a statement to the effect that as all the fighting has concluded the West and North rivers must be immediately opened for the resumption of trade. He has appointed Commander Chan Mu in charge of forces to clear these two rivers of pirates and bandits.

Reports have reached Canton that General Chan King-ming is in favour of Tang Shao-yi assuming the post of Civil Governor pending the formal election of a permanent man by the Provincial Assembly. If Tang is not willing to be asked, Yip-hong should be asked.

Telegrams from Peking indicate that the political situation there is still very unsettled. President Li Yuan-hung, has issued a circular telegram stating he has resigned the Presidency as from Saturday last. In addition to this, Wong Chung-wai, who was appointed Acting Premier, has also tendered his resignation and recommends that Chang Shou-hung, the new Minister of war, should be asked to act.

MONDOLIA'S FUTURE.

A special conference has been held in Peking under the auspices of the Russian Affairs Committee, with Mr. Liu Ching-jen presiding, to discuss the restoration of Outer Mongolia as a dependency of China.

that in the recent typhoon there were 150,000 killed and 100,000 homeless.

A "Relief Parade."

The Chiu Chai Eight District Commercial Association reports success in the work of the Relief Subscription Committee. The Committee makes special mention of the "invaluable" set of a small Chinese boy who donated \$10 from his savings, to indicate the enthusiasm of the different sections of the community. The co-ordinated campaign of the Chinese General Chamber of Commerce and the Tung Wah Hospital, which started last Friday, has, we understand, resulted in the collection of a substantial amount.

Among other Chinese associations which "volunteered" to help the Chiu Chai Eight District Commercial Association in raising funds is the Chung Shing Benevolent Association, which sent out about fifty men and boys to parade the streets to canvass for subscriptions during the week-end. Accompanied by a large band and a float, which created a great din to attract attention, the men went round the restaurants in Shantung on Saturday night, some of them carrying banners and others a big piece of cloth to catch the money thrown down from verandahs. Inscriptions on the banners mentioned the devastation wrought by the typhoon, while the collectors called "Save Life!" Yesterday the parades passed through the streets and their efforts met with great success.

Survivors Adrift.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Telamachus, which arrived in Hongkong yesterday, reports that on Thursday, north-west of Formosa, at Lat. 27.34 N. and Long. 121.38 E., she encountered a spar protruding from the water. The vessel stopped and the spar was hoisted on board. It was found to be the remains of a ship which had been wrecked in the typhoon.

Tung Wah Hospital List.

The Chairman and Committee of the Tung Wah Hospital acknowledge the following:

Capt. T. P. Hall \$ 200

Messrs. Thorsen and Co. 200

LARGE FAMILIES ON LINER.

Large families were a feature among third-class passengers on the Athenic which left Southampton for New Zealand recently, there being one of nine, one of eight, two of seven, four of six, and six of five.

News in To-day's New Advertisements.

At the Coronet Theatre to-night is being presented "She Loves and Lies" whilst at the Kowloon Theatre "The Greatest Question" is the star film.—Page 12.

Watson's advertise sensible summer beverages.—Page 6.

The Admiral Line advise consignees of cargo that the s.s. President Jefferson has arrived from Seattle.—Page 5.

LISTEN!

Advertisers in the way the customer wants you to.

The Glenside has arrived from Home and consignees are given the usual notice on page 4.

Lammer's will sell the plant of Ice Factory at Monakokani on August 21.—Page 4.

Ohio 18.8. Bond for sale.—Page 4.

To-Day's Exchange.

The closing rate of the dollar on demand to-day was 2s. 5.9/10d.

The Weather.

At Hongkong—22.60 Temp. per cent. Humidity 72.

Looking Up—Page 4.

Advertisers in the way the customer wants you to.

NOTICE.

W. S. BAILEY & CO., LTD.

ENGINEERS
&
SHIPBUILDERS,
KOWLOON.

HARBOUR REPAIRS
Call Flag "L."

Tugs, Barges, Light Draft and
High Speed Vessels and
Motor Craft.

Sole Agents for
"KELVIN MOTORS."

Phones—
Works.....K21
Manager.....K433
STEAM LAUNCH FOR SALE.

METALS

of all kinds, especially for ship-
building and engineering works.
Complete stock. Best terms.
Immediate delivery.

SINCON & CO.,
(Established A. D. 1849.)
HONG LUNG T. Phone 515.

PIANO

FOR HIRE
at moderate Prices.

**TSANG FOOK PIANO
COMPANY.**

64A Wanchai Road.
PHONE 3127.

MASSAGE HALL.

23, WYNDHAM STREET.
MRS. H. MORITA.

MRS. HAN INOKUCHI.

Telephone K 754
No. 21, Ashley Road, Kowloon,
Back of Star Theatre.
CERTIFICATED EXPERT MASSAGE
HAND & FINGER.
Also at parties, on board ships, etc.

Miss Tora Inokuchi
QUALIFIED MID-WIFE
No. 21, Ashley Road, Kowloon,
Back of Star Theatre.
Telephone No. K 754.

MASSAGE EXPERTS.

**HARRY FURUKAWA
AND K. SAKAI.**
19, WYNDHAM STREET.

**GREEN ISLAND CEMENT
COMPANY LIMITED.**

PORTLAND CEMENT.
In Casks of 375 lbs. net.
In Bags of 250 lbs. net.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.
General Managers.
Hongkong.

**MARTIN'S
APIOL & STEEL
PILLS**

A French Remedy for all irregularities.
Promotes a regular flow of blood
and keeps the system in perfect health.
It is the only medicine which does not
contain any harmful ingredients.
It is the only medicine which does not
contain any harmful ingredients.
It is the only medicine which does not
contain any harmful ingredients.

**MARTIN'S
APIOL & STEEL
PILLS**

NOTICE.

K-673 H.K. 4002

FOR HIRE MOTOR CARS

AND
**MOTOR
LORRIES**
**PASSENGERS
FREIGHT
OR
BUILDING
MATERIALS**
TAKEN TO ALL
PARTS OF COLONY.

**DO-MINION MOTOR
TRANSPORT.**

REEVES & CO.
145, PRAYA EAST
PHONES 4002
K-673

PUBLISHED ANNUALLY
THE

LONDON DIRECTORY

with Provincial & Foreign Sections

contains full details of all the leading

MANUFACTURERS & DEALERS

of all the leading

EXPORT MERCHANTS

of all the leading

STEAMSHIP LINES

of all the leading

DEALERS SEEKING AGENCIES

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

of all the leading

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

THE REPARATIONS PROBLEM.

Berlin, August 12.
The expelled Germans from Alsace-Lorraine are allowed to take hand baggage, and families are allowed to have 10,000 "francs" and 5,000 marks. A further 500 expulsions are heralded if the French demands are not complied with. The German Press is furious and describes the expulsions as barbarous and brutal and besides, ineffectual. The Lokal Anzeiger suggests a reprisal by the expulsion of the French from Germany.

London, August 12.
Reuter learns that the French measures in Alsace-Lorraine consist of an order forbidding Germans to withdraw bank deposits and the expulsion of 500 "undesirable" Germans, especially those who have not availed themselves of the opportunity afforded by the Versailles Treaty to become French. The first named has proved ineffective, as cautious depositors have previously completed their withdrawals. The expulsions are timed to start at mid-night, to-night.

Gulf More Profound Than Ever.

London, August 12.
It was stated at the conclusion of this afternoon's meeting of the Experts Committee that the rift is more profound than ever. A foreign expert declared that the deadlock reached is now a matter for the Premiers. Mr. Lloyd George has gone to the country for the week-end.

London, August 12.
It appears that the Conference issue has been narrowed down to conditions in which a moratorium can be granted to Germany. A speedy decision is necessary, since an answer to Germany's request must be given before Tuesday. It is stated that Mr. Lloyd George has offered to refer the points in dispute to the League of Nations, but M. Poincaré refused to entertain the proposal.

British Counter Proposals.

Paris, August 12.
It is semi-officially stated that the British counter-proposal are:
1. A conditional moratorium to Germany for cash payments until December 31st.
2. Germany to carry out deliveries in kind, especially in regard to coal and timber.

The moratorium will only be granted subject to Germany's enforcement of the laws prohibiting the export of capital, establishment of autonomy of the Reichsbank, consolidation of the floating debt and Germany's permitting the Reparations Commission to effectively control German finance. The Reparations Commission is to receive, and keep in reserve, the proceeds of the 25 per cent. levy on German exports and German Customs, which may eventually be placed at the disposal of Germany if the Commission thinks it is necessary.

Cabinet Supports the Premier.

London, August 12.
The principal points to-day in the Allied proceedings in London are that there will be no further conference until Monday, as the Committee of Experts is still busy. The Cabinet meeting has unanimously supported Mr. Lloyd George as regards a moratorium and has decided to leave matters entirely in his hands.

The Experts discussions to-day were largely devoted to the question and definition of the control of the German mines and forests, on which it is stated a compromise is not yet visible, although a French source declares that French, Belgian and Italian views now coincide. Later the question discussed was the International loan to be secured by the 25 per cent. tax on German exports, which is one of the British counter-proposals.

German Note to France.

Berlin, August 13.
The German Note to France opines that the announced French measures regarding Clearing House payments cannot be based on the Versailles Treaty or a supplementary agreement. Moreover, it is unsupported by international law. It declares that France's resort to coercive measures and not awaiting payment on the date fixed, violates existing treaties and constitutes a grave injustice. It suggests that the matter should be submitted to international arbitration if France persists in this attitude. A second Note strongly protests against the expulsions from Alsace Lorraine and declares that the amount of money allowed to departees is so small that it will leave them beggars on the streets.

Another Conference.

The Observer voices the opinion that the outcome of the Conference will be a compromise, as the deadlock is complete. In pressing towards a rupture M. Poincaré will take a perilous responsibility. Therefore, it is probable a moratorium will be granted. A moratorium would save an immediate debacle in Europe, but a thorough revision of Allied policy must follow. The paper declares that after the present Conference there will be another to discuss the future of Germany payments after the moratorium. Europe's financial condition is inseparable from her political problems. Revision of the indemnity, together with revision of debts, can only be undertaken as part of a general endeavour to reach a wider settlement, including questions of disarmament and security.

THE AMERICAN RAILWAY STRIKE.

Chicago, August 12.
The railway strike has assumed a more threatening aspect on entering its seventh week. Paralysis to railway transportation in many parts of the country seems imminent, members of the four big railway Brotherhoods having abandoned work on various lines as a protest against the presence of armed guards and other causes. Enginemen and others have abandoned the Trans-Continental and Santa Fe trains in California and in the Arizona deserts. Freight traffic from Chicago is being left in a similar predicament. Hundreds of stranded passengers have telegraphed to President Harding describing the distress of women and children and calling upon the Government to compel both sides to settle the controversy.

BOLSHEVISTS SEIZE BRITISH SHIPS.

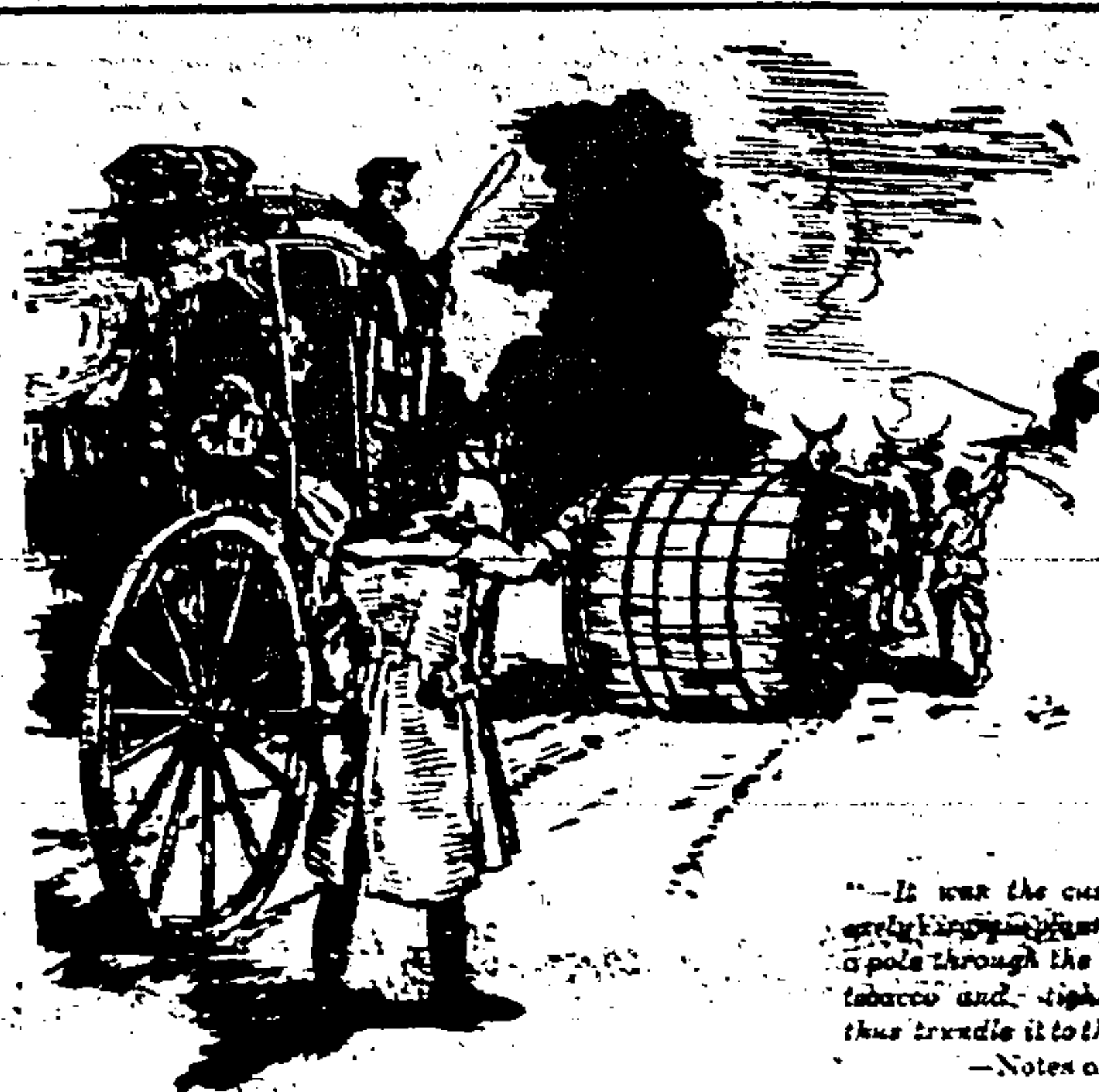
Constantinople, August 12.
The Bolsheviks have seized three British ships at Batoum on the pretext that they were formerly Russian owned. Some of the vessels of the British fleet have left for Batoum, with which place British merchants have ceased all trade.

THE RHINE STRIKE.

Amsterdam, August 11.
A message from Rotterdam says that it now appears that the ballot of the striking Rhine shipping workers shows a big majority in favour of continuance of the strike.

INDIA'S WHEAT CROP.

Calcutta, August 13.
The final estimate of the wheat crop for 1921-22 shows an acreage of 28,234,000 and a yield of 9,813,000 tons, compared with 25,783,000 and 6,708,000 respectively last year.



"It was the custom of the early Virginia smokers to roll a pipe through the hoghead of tobacco and, sighing, push it thus through to the market."
—Notes of a Planter.

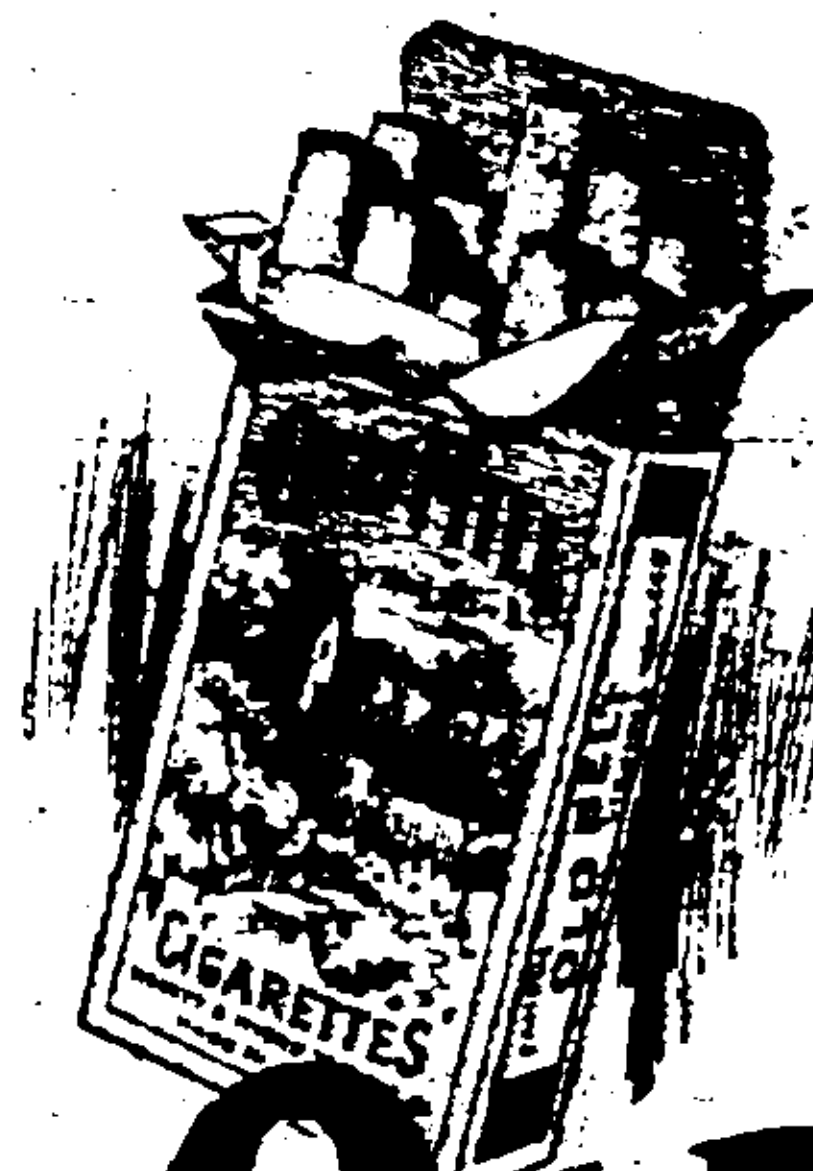
Rolling Tobacco to Market in Old Virginia

It is a far cry from the rolling hogheads to the modern railroads and steamships which today carry Virginia tobacco into the markets of the world. And science has helped in other ways in the handling of Virginia tobacco.

But science cannot improve the golden sunshine and the rich soil of old Virginia. They give an appetizing freshness and "lively" flavour which can be found in no other tobacco.

Smoke Virginia tobacco at its best in Old Mill Cigarettes.

LEWIS & MILES TOBACCO CO., U.S.A.
Manufacturers



OLD MILL CIGARETTES

THE U.S. TARIFF.

Washington, August 12.
A letter from President Harding to Senator McCumber, of the Finance Committee, has been read to the Senate, urging a flexible tariff and expressing the wish that the Tariff Commission be made an agency for investigation and recommendation of changes in the tariff rates. The Senate voted an amendment providing that any changes in the tariff rates made by the President be founded on differences in costs of production instead of on conditions of competition.

In the debate in the Senate, Mr. Underwood (Democrat) described the flexible tariff proposal as the greatest power for political corruption ever since the beginning of this government. He declared it would be possible, under its authorization, for the President to destroy some industries and make others immensely wealthy.

Washington, August 12.
The Senate, by 36 votes to 20, approved of the plan of giving the President authority to vary the rates in the pending Tariff Bill until July, 1924.

BRITISH TRADE.

London, August 12.
A cheering increase in the value of United Kingdom exports is the outstanding feature of the Board of Trade Returns for July. Exports totaled \$90,500,000, compared with \$43,000,000 in July of last year. Imports were \$81,750,000, compared with \$80,500,000.

OBITUARY.

London, August 12.
The death is announced of Sir Albert Kaye Rolit.
(Sir Albert Rolit was Consul General for Roumania in London since 1911.)

Mr. Dudley Hardy.

London, August 12.
Mr. Dudley Hardy, the well-known artist, is dead.

RECENT RAIL RIDES.

Johnsonburg, August 12.
A Special Criminal Court is trying the cases arising out of the Rand revolt last March. It has sentenced two prisoners to death and several others to varying terms of imprisonment in connection with the shooting of natives.

(Continued on Pages 3 and 4.)

EARLIER SPECIAL TELEGRAMS.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

TYPHOON WARNING.

Shanghai, August 12.
A typhoon threatens south of Ningpo. The signal this morning warns ships not to leave Shanghai.

Shanghai, Aug. 12.
The typhoon is probably skirting westward of Shanghai. There has been no damage. But the city experienced high winds last night. The Empress of Russia is anchoring at Woosung this evening.

MR. DENBY'S SPEECH.

Shanghai, August 12.
The British Chamber of Commerce has officially taken up with the American Chamber of Commerce, the matter of Mr. Denby's speech. A reply has not yet been received. The British Chamber asks for facts so that the case may be investigated if Britons are involved.

DR. SUN YAT-SEN.

Shanghai, August 12.
Dr. Sun Yat-sen is arriving tomorrow morning by the Empress of Russia. His movements here are shrouded in mystery, but it is expected that he will reside in the French Concession, where his wife is now living.

SHANGHAI TENNIS CHAMPIONS.

Shanghai, August 12.
Sheldon and Wade in the semi-final match of the Doubles Tennis defeated Townsend and Cameron, champions since 1920, by 7-5, 5-7, 6-4, 12-11. It was the greatest tennis ever seen here.

SHANGHAI BASEBALL.

Shanghai, Aug. 12.
At baseball Fort Mills defeated Shanghai by 9 to 4.

NOTICE.

To Hear is to Prefer

Call At



BRUNSWICK STUDIO

for the

LATEST DANCE RECORDS

played by

THE LEADING NEW YORK ORCHESTRAS.

Yvanovich & Co
Distributors

BANK OF CHINA BUILDING

1st Floor.

Tel. No. 4925.

HALL'S DISTEMPER
The KING of Water Paints

Its Sanitary, washable, and high disinfecting qualities make it the ideal wall covering for your home or office. Handed by all Contractors and Painters. Write for our Brochure on "How to decorate your Home" to

WILLIAM C. JACK & CO., LTD.

Sole Agents
HONGKONG & SOUTH CHINA.THE
WING FAT PRINTING CO., LTD.

PAPER SELLERS, STATIONERS.

Printers,

Photo Engravers, Paper-Box Makers and Bookbinders.

SALE ROOM

PRINTING OFFICE

No. 14, Wing Lok Street

No. 22A, WHITEFIELD Rd.

TELEPHONE 2257

TELEPHONE 1910

SCIENTIFIC MASSAGE.

Mr. Nankwatsu Akaji,

a Graduate of the Tokyo Massage School, has opened a massage room on the First Floor of 2 Queen's Road, Central. Office hours from 10.30 a.m. to 5 p.m.

Mr. Akaji gives massage on scientific lines, based on instruction in anatomical physiology.

Fee for treatment—\$2.00 per visit.

THE HING YOUNG CO.

Chinese Silk Rain Coat, Hat, Umbrella, Tobacco, Pottery, Travelling Bag, Sports Bag, Manufacturers.

During the typhoon season, we offer fresh stocks of wind Shanghai Silk Rain Coats, Hats, Umbrellas, etc. to our customers.

Price's Moderate

INSPECTION INVITED.

HEAD OFFICE, 179, Des Voeux Road, Central, 2nd Floor.

Telephone 4050.

COLLEN STATE BUTTER

From CALIFORNIA CREAMERIES.

Sold by all the leading dealers in one pound cartons—(FRESH)—and 1 and 1 lb. tins.

SOLE AGENTS—GETZ BROS. & Co. of the Orient Ltd.

PROVISION DEPT.

FRENCH LESSONS.

G. MOUSSON,

15, Morrison Hill Road.

THE EASTERN SUPPLY CO.

General Contractors, House and Office Furnishers, Ship Upholsterers and Painters.
Office: 34 Queen's Road. Works—Heard St. Wharfedale.
Telephone 4303.

TAL LEE CHAN

Established 1884.

METAL GOODS

and SUNDRY HARDWARE

Telephone 1993.

119, Jervois Street

E. HING & CO.

SHIPBUILDING MATERIALS, SHIPCHANDLERS AND HARDWARE MERCHANTS.

25, WING WOO ST.

PHONE NO. 1110.

CENTRAL.

HONGKONG WAR
MEMORIAL.Interesting Judgment by
the Chief Justice.

An interesting judgment has been delivered in Chambers by the Chief Justice (Sir William Rees Davies) on an application relating to the estate of the late Mr. Granville Sharp.

The testator, who died in 1899, bequeathed the residue of his estate for the purpose of erecting and maintaining a Hospital, which is now the Matilda Hospital, situated on the Peak.

The surplus income arising from the residuary estate, after providing for the maintenance and upkeep of the Hospital, has largely increased, and the Court was asked by the present Trustees of the estate, Sir Paul Chater and the Honourable Mr. A. G. Stephen, to order that one half of the surplus funds be appropriated towards the endowment of the proposed Nursing Home to be erected in conjunction with the Hongkong War Memorial.

The matter engaged the attention of the Court in 1904, when the then Chief Justice, Sir William Goodman, ordered that the available surplus funds at that time, after providing for the Matilda Hospital, should be devoted to charitable purposes in accordance with a scheme to be drawn up and approved by the Court.

The application dealt with by Sir William Rees Davies was based upon that order and the evidence showed that the surplus funds had increased to a large extent since the death of the testator.

Mr. Eldon Potter (instructed by Mr. Hooper, of Messrs. Johnson Stokes and Masters) appeared for the Trustees. The Attorney-General (Honourable Mr. J. H. Kemp, K.C.) appeared in his representative capacity.

A Religious and Evangelistic Institution. The plaintiffs in the action were Alexander Gordon Stephen, Sir Catchick Paul Chater, Herbert Sharp, Robert Brantham, Ellen Lydia Bentham (his wife), John Nugent Wells and Harriett Wells (his wife), and the defendants, the Attorney-General of the Colony of Hongkong, the Rt. Rev. Charles Ridley Duppuy, D.D., the Rev. Henry Copley Moyle, M.A., and the Rev. J. Kirk Macdonald.

The Chief Justice, in giving judgment, said the application was by Sir Paul Chater and the Hon. Mr. A. G. Stephen, the present trustees of the estate of the late Granville Sharp, deceased, who died in 1899 and by his will gave the residue of his estate in trust for the erection and maintenance of a Hospital at Mount Kellett, now known as Matilda Hospital, and subject to the trusts set out in the will. A codicil to the will contained a number of instructions, but for the purposes of the application, the Chief Justice thought it was only necessary to set out the following instruction:

"I desire that the Hospital shall in all things be considered to be established as an absolutely religious and evangelistic institution. . . . That it be for the benefit, care and happiness of patients, primarily who are helpless. . . . and emphatically that the Hospital be for the poor, the helpless, the forsaken and for him who is alone and desolate. . . . I wish that different classes be provided for and that the Hospital be reserved for British, American and European patients, with some very limited discretion for the Directors, but excluding Chinese, Portuguese and Japanese who are well able to make arrangements for Hospital accommodation on the hills if they see fit, and for whom this Hospital would be far too limited."

The Chief Justice proceeded to refer to a very elaborate judgment given by Sir William Goodman, when Chief Justice in 1904, in which the learned Chief Justice held that "assuming that at the date of the testator's death, his residuary estate bequeathed by his will and codicil was more than sufficient to provide for the erection and maintenance of the Hospital therein mentioned, the surplus must be devoted to charity and the cy-pres doctrine be applied, and that there is no resulting trust for the next of kin as regards such surplus." He declared "that the residuary bequest in the will and codicil is a good charitable bequest and that the executors and trustees of the will should erect and provide for the maintenance of a Hospital at the Peak in accordance with the directions contained in the said will and codicil, and that if due

provision for the erection and maintenance of such Hospital should not exhaust the whole of the residuary estate, the unexhausted portion or surplus ought to be applied to charitable purposes, according to a scheme for the regulation and management of such surplus trust property to be settled by the Court, having regard to the directions contained in the will and codicil and the whole circumstances of the case." He ordered: (1) "That an inquiry be made by the Registrar, as to the nature, scope, size and costs of the Hospital directed by the said will and codicil to be erected and maintained, and as to the endowment required for such maintenance, with a view to the future expansion (if necessary) of such Hospital, and that a scheme for the erection, endowment and management of such Hospital be prepared by the executors and trustees and settled by the Registrar subject to the approval of the Court. (2) "That an inquiry be made by the Registrar as to the charitable purposes to which any surplus of the residuary estate (after providing for the erection and maintenance of the said Hospital) ought to be applied, and that a scheme be prepared by the executors and trustees of the will and settled by the Registrar, subject to the approval and direction of the Court, for the appropriation of such surplus to such charitable purposes."

A Large Surplus. The Court having at that time (1904) given a decision on the all important question as to the application of the cy-pres doctrine, the inquiries directed by the learned Chief Justice's judgment seem to have been deferred, but owing to the very large surplus which has accrued to the estate the trustees now deem it practicable and necessary to submit a scheme for the approval of the Court as directed by the inquiry in order (2).

The trustees say in the affidavit that these dependents have given no matter their anxious and careful consideration and it is their opinion that the surplus income now available after providing for the maintenance of the Matilda Hospital, as indicated by the accounts for 1921, has reached such proportions as to make it practicable to advance a scheme for the approval of the Honourable Court in answer for part answers to enquiry No. 2 directed by the Court made herein on the 2nd June, 1911. They point out that "the estate was in fact sworn for Probate at \$100,000, but as the result of careful nursing and judicious handling after paying out \$66,572.00 on the purchase of a site and the building and equipment of the Matilda Hospital and the Maternity Ward addition to it, the trustees now hold investments of \$2,750,343.11, representing proceeds of parts of the estate and accumulations of surplus income and still have portion of the testator's residuary estate unrealised of an estimated value today of \$801,200." They further express the opinion "that in view of the enormously increased amount of the surplus income, the restrictions which the testator thought himself forced by what is supposed to be the limits of his fortune to adopt, must necessarily to some extent be relaxed and the scope of the charity widened just as the testator would probably have relaxed them and widened it could he have known to what extent his estate would grow."

After observing that they cannot conceive of any other purpose to which any surplus from the estate could be more advantageously applied, they proceed to submit to the Court the following proposals, viz: "That as from the 1st day of January, 1922, one half of any surplus income arising from the residuary estate of the testator, after providing for the maintenance of the Matilda Hospital, shall be appropriated yearly to and applied in or towards the erection and/or endowment of the Nursing Home proposed to be erected at the Hongkong War Memorial." They further submit that "as a condition of the appropriation, the trustees of the testator's will should be constituted ex-officio members of the Committee which will have the management of the proposed Nursing Home and should also be appointed, of the property and funds of the proposed Nursing Home."

Then the estate, it appears, was sworn for Probate at about one million dollars, whereas the present value of the estate is over three million and six hundred thousand (\$3,600,000). It is clear, therefore, that the testator had not contemplated the extent of the funds, and it is suggested, and I think with reason, that his exclusion of Chinese, Portuguese and Japanese from the benefits of the Hospital would be far too limited, was based on the assumption that the available funds were not sufficient to include patients of all nationalities.

A Direct Authority. Well then, as to the proposed appropriation of a moiety of this surplus fund to the endowment of the Nursing Home. It has been laid down that if the income of the fund in process of time become greater than is necessary for the purpose named, the Court has power to apply the surplus to such other purpose as it may deem proper upon the cy-pres principle. (Judgment of Lord Selbourne L.C. in Chamberlayne v. Brackell, 8 C.A. at p. 211). This is direct authority for the present application. It is also laid down that if the income of the fund is actually exhausted by the charitable purpose declared at the time of the gift, the Court assumes that any subsequent increase in the fund is also intended for charity and applies the surplus accordingly. (Attorney General v. Cooper's Company 19 Ves. 187).

I was referred to certain recent cases which demonstrate the extent to which the Court now apply the cy-pres doctrine. In a very recent case—in re Welsh Hospital (Netley) Fund, 1921, I.C.D. 855—on the outbreak of

Working Account, as audited for the year ending 31st December 1921, shows that the expenditure incurred in maintaining and running the Hospital amounted to \$65,309.58. The accounts also show that there was a surplus of income from the estate after defraying the cost of maintaining and running the Hospital in the year of \$136,349.43. Figures were also laid before me showing the surplus income from the estate for the last five years, from which it appears that the margin between income and the amount required to maintain the Hospital has steadily increased.

The Colony's Greatest Need.

Now in regard to the Nursing Home which it is proposed to erect, as a Hongkong War Memorial, Mr. D. G. M. Bernard, a member of the Committee appointed to determine the form to be taken by the War Memorial, submit a pro forma outline of the constitution of the Nursing Home as approved by the Committee, and he states: "It is aimed in this institution to provide the very best medical and surgical attention and nursing such as is beyond the means of the majority of persons in the Colony without some measure of assistance, and to relieve cases which would otherwise suffer for lack of proper treatment, and in particular to afford to those who served in the late war accommodation and treatment within the discretion of the Committee on special terms, including free treatment where expedient. No greater need exists in the Colony to-day, and the Committee are convinced that the funds for a War Memorial could not possibly be devoted to a better or more useful purpose." The proposed Articles governing the Nursing Home empower the Committee to regulate fees to be paid which shall vary according to the circumstances of the patient, and the Committee are empowered to set apart "a number of beds for which admission shall be free and shall determine what cases are suitable for such admission."

Now the question which I have to decide, continued the Chief Justice, is whether the proposal now submitted as to the surplus of the fund in accordance with the enquiry directed by this Court in 1904, should be approved? I may observe that the appropriation suggested only deals with one half of the surplus income arising from the residuary estate.

Sir William Goodman reviewed at length the authorities bearing upon the cy-pres principle, and there is a passage in his judgment which reads: "It is possible that Mr. Granville Sharp, when he made his will and codicil, did not contemplate that his residuary estate would be more than sufficient for the purpose of the Hospital. At the time of his death that residuary estate was less than \$100,000, which at first sight might not seem very excessive for the erection and suitable endowment of a hospital of a charitable kind."

Then the estate, it appears, was sworn for Probate at about one million dollars, whereas the present value of the estate is over three million and six hundred thousand (\$3,600,000). It is clear, therefore, that the testator had not contemplated the extent of the funds, and it is suggested, and I think with reason, that his exclusion of Chinese, Portuguese and Japanese from the benefits of the Hospital would be far too limited, was based on the assumption that the available funds were not sufficient to include patients of all nationalities.

A Direct Authority. Well then, as to the proposed appropriation of a moiety of this surplus fund to the endowment of the Nursing Home. It has been laid down that if the income of the fund in process of time become greater than is necessary for the purpose named, the Court has power to apply the surplus to such other purpose as it may deem proper upon the cy-pres principle. (Judgment of Lord Selbourne L.C. in Chamberlayne v. Brackell, 8 C.A. at p. 211). This is direct authority for the present application. It is also laid down that if the income of the fund is actually exhausted by the charitable purpose declared at the time of the gift, the Court assumes that any subsequent increase in the fund is also intended for charity and applies the surplus accordingly. (Attorney General v. Cooper's Company 19 Ves. 187).

I was referred to certain recent cases which demonstrate the extent to which the Court now apply the cy-pres doctrine. In a very recent case—in re Welsh Hospital (Netley) Fund, 1921, I.C.D. 855—on the outbreak of

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

(Continued from Page 2.)

IRELAND'S TROUBLES.

London, August 12.

The Irish leader, Mr. Arthur Griffith, has died from heart failure. The suddenness of Mr. Griffith's death has shocked Dublin, where it occurred, no less than London, where it was not known that he had been ill. He was seized with influenza ten days ago, and some complications arose; but he had apparently recovered and visited his office yesterday, but left early. Later he was removed to the hospital and died from cerebral hemorrhage. Mr. Lloyd George, on behalf of the Cabinet, has telegraphed to Mr. Michael Collins, extolling Mr. Griffith's patriotic qualities, sincerity and courage. The Premier adds that his loss is a heavy one for Ireland. The Premier also paid a tribute to the deceased in a telegram of condolences to the widow.

Later.

A later account of Mr. Griffith's death, from Dublin, says that after eating a hearty breakfast he was on the staircase of the hospital where he had recently been treated for tonsillitis, and was about to proceed to his office. He bent over, presumably to tie his boot-laces, when, suddenly emitting a low groan, he fell forward. He regained consciousness a minute later, for about twenty seconds. A priest was brought immediately and administered the last sacrament, but he had scarcely uttered the last word when Mr. Griffith died. It is generally assumed that his death was the result of the great strain imposed by recent events. There are many signs of mourning in Dublin.

Attempted Assassination in Devonshire.

London, August 12.

Major Neilson, formerly Chief Intelligence Officer of the R.I.C., has been sent to hospital suffering from bullet wounds inflicted by gunmen, believed to be Irish, who tracked him down in Devonshire. Major Neilson was found in a lonely spot near Ashburton, where he was on holiday. He recently received threatening anonymous letters connected with Irish incidents.

London, August 13.

The story of the shooting of Major Neilson, mentioned earlier, is discredited. Inquiries from official circles fail to establish that the Major was in any way connected with any Irish department. The police are reticent. It transpires that the villagers in the Ashburton neighbourhood did not hear any shots. Gunshots did not cause Major Neilson's injuries. It is now stated that the Major reached a cottage with his arm bleeding and the letters I. R. A. scratched on his chest. He told a circumstantial story of an attack. He appears to have been suffering from malaria.

Rebels Attack Dublin Post Office.

London, August 12.

It is reported that irregulars in Dublin attacked the Post Office last night, overpowered the guard and set fire to the building. Telegraphic communication with Dublin has ceased.

Later.

The Dublin Post Office was rushed by 20 irregulars, whose main objective was the instrument room, the most important section for telegraphic communication. Petrol was poured out and ignited. The Fire Brigade arrived promptly, however, and extinguished the flames after some damage. The destruction of the telegraphic instruments was not accomplished, the vital apparatus remaining intact. The Nationals have taken possession, and it is stated that a normal service will be resumed to-day. One of the sepiets was seriously wounded and one of the irregulars arrested.

Capture of Cork.

London, August 12.

It is reported from Waterford that Cork was captured by the Nationalists last night.

Later.

An official message states that the Nationals have occupied Cork City, taking 50 prisoners.

Later.

The Nationals were accorded a tremendous reception on entering Cork City. The casualties were seven killed, many wounded and some missing.

THE NON-COOPERATION MOVEMENT.

Calcutta, August 13.

The Non-Cooperation leader Das has been released from gaol. He was congratulated at a large open-air meeting of Indians, at which he was presented with an address.

(Continued on Page 5.)

the war a hospital was erected at Netley, and equipped and run during the war, for the benefit of sick and wounded Welsh soldiers by means of large voluntary subscriptions raised in Wales. In 1919 the Hospital was closed, the staff disbanded, and the property sold to the War Office, and after winding up the affairs of the Hospital there was a surplus of some £9,000. It was held, on the evidence, that there was not a resulting trust of the surplus for the subscribers to the hospital, but a general charitable intention which enabled the Court to apply the fund cy-pres. P.O. Lawrence J., in his judgment, says: "The trustees of the fund having this surplus in their hands have come to the conclusion that it could best be applied in the foundation of scholarships for the encouragement of the study of medicine and surgery by persons of Welsh nationality at the University of Wales. . . . The question is whether the particular application which the trustees desire to make of the funds in their hands is one which is justified under the doctrine of cy-pres. It is argued that the suggested application was not a diversion from the particular object for which the fund was raised. I think there is great force in this argument that, if a fund is devoted to the benefit of sick and wounded, that benefit includes the training of persons whose duty it would be to attend to the sick and wounded." Vide also in re De Nollis 85 L.J. Ch. 807.

Then in order to give full effect to the wishes of the testator, well matured proposals should be submitted for the free treatment of poor patients, and in this connection it may be well to consider whether it would not be practicable to set apart a free ward under the style of "The Matilda Ward" or some such designation. This, of course, will involve much elaboration of the proposed Art. 7. I have therefore to request that the trustees will convey the opinion of the Court to the Committee charged with the control of the Hongkong War Memorial, and there will be liberty to apply further of this summons.

Prepared to Approve the Scheme. The Attorney General, who is made a party to these proceedings, appeared and supported the application of the trustees and associated himself in Mr. Potter's

You don't need to buy the

A VICTROLA

Ask Montie's about their very

system.

THE BLUE FUNNEL LINE

REGULAR AND FAST FREIGHT AND PASSENGER SERVICE.

LONDON SERVICE

(Direct)
 JASON 15th Aug. London, Antwerp & Hamburg
 MENTOR 21st Aug. London, Amsterdam & Antwerp
 THESEUS 4th Sept. London, Rotterdam & Antwerp
 RHESUS 11th Sept. London, Rotterdam & Hamburg

LIVERPOOL SERVICE

(Direct or via Continental Ports)
 KEEMUN 14th Aug. Genoa, Marseilles, Havre & Liverpool
 NINCHOW 4th Sept. Genoa, Marseilles, Liverpool & G'gow
 HECTOR 20th Sept. Liverpool & Glasgow

PACIFIC SERVICE

(via Kobe and Yokohama)
 INION 29th Aug. Victoria, Seattle & Vancouver
 TALHYBIUS 19th Sept. via Suez

NEW YORK SERVICE

(via Suez or Panama)
 TELEMACHUS 15th Aug. via Suez
 TITAN 15th Sept. via Suez

PASSENGER SERVICE

TEIRESIAS 17th Aug. for Shanghai & Japan
 MENTOR 21st Aug. for Singapore & London
 TEIRESIAS 25th Sept. for Singapore & London
 For Freight and Passage Rates and all information Apply to—

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE
 (JOHN SWIRE & SONS, LTD.)
 AGENTS.

CONSIGNEES.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE ADMIRAL LINE.

The Steamship
 "PRESIDENT GRANT"
 having arrived from Manila, via ports, on the 8th. inst. consignees are hereby notified that their cargo is being landed at their risk into the Hazardous and/or Extra-Hazardous Godowns of The Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., at Kowloon and stored at consignees' risk.

Consignees of cargo must produce an Import Permit signed by the Superintendent of Imports and Exports, Hongkong, before Bills of Lading will be countersigned.

All broken, chafed and damaged cargo is to be left in the Godowns where it will be examined at 10 a.m. on 14th. inst. by the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. Anderson and Ash.

All claims must be presented within thirty days of the steamer's arrival here, after which they cannot be recognised. No claim will be recognised after the goods have left the Godowns, and cargo undelivered on and after 15th. inst. will be subject to rent.

No fire insurance whatever will be effected.

Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature immediately.

PACIFIC STEAMSHIP CO.
 United States Shipping Board,
 Emergency Fleet Corporation,
 Managing Agents.

THE ADMIRAL LINE.
 4, Des Voeux Road,
 Hongkong, Aug. 8th. 1922.

CONSIGNEES.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE ADMIRAL LINE.

The Steamship
 "PRESIDENT JEFFERSON"
 having arrived from Seattle, Wash. via ports, on 13th. inst. consignees are hereby notified that their cargo is being landed at their risk into the Hazardous and/or Extra-Hazardous Godowns of The Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., at Kowloon, and stored at consignees' risk.

Consignees of cargo must produce an Import Permit signed by the Superintendent of Imports and Exports, Hongkong, before Bills of Lading will be countersigned.

All broken, chafed and damaged cargo is to be left in the Godowns, where it will be examined at 10 a.m. on 19th. inst. by the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. Anderson and Ash.

All claims must be presented within thirty days of the steamer's arrival here, after which they cannot be recognised. No Claims will be recognised after the goods have left the Godowns, and cargo undelivered on and after August 21st. will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance whatever will be effected.

Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature immediately.

PACIFIC STEAMSHIP CO.
 United States Shipping Board,
 Emergency Fleet Corporation,
 Managing Agents.

THE ADMIRAL LINE.
 No. 4, Des Voeux Road Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Bldg.
 Hongkong, 14th. August, 1922.

LAWN TENNIS.

Garrison League.

R. E. "A" beat R.A.M.C. by 15 games to 33. Scores:

1st. Taylor and Q.M.S. Longbottom (R.E.) lost to Major Tomlinson and S. M. Thompson (R.A.M.C.) 4-5. beat Sgts. Jane and Rogers 5-4. beat Ptes. Beaton and Picheur 5-1.

Q.M.S. Wilson and Spr. McWhinnie lost to Tomlinson and Thompson 2-7. beat Jane and Rogers 5-4. beat Beaton and Picheur 5-1.

Cpl. Trengrove and Spr. Newing beat Tomlinson and Thompson 5-4. beat Jane and Rogers 5-4. beat Beaton and Picheur 5-1.

88 Co. R.A.M.C. beat King's Regt. by 55 games to 26. Scores:

Capt. Oliver and Sgt. Phillips (88) beat Lt. Leiber and R. S. M. Mitchell (King's) 6-3. beat C. Q. M. S. Burnett and Sgt. MacManaman 7-1. beat Sgts. Baker and Saunders 6-3.

C. S. M. Williams and Gr. Henwood lost to Leiber and Mitchell 4-5. beat Burnett and MacManaman 6-3. beat Baker and Saunders 5-1.

Br. Dawson and Gr. Hitchings lost to Leiber and Mitchell 3-6. beat Burnett and MacManaman 7-2. beat Baker and Saunders 7-2.

R. E. "A" beat R. E. "B" by 54 games to 27. Scores:

Major Gardy and S. Sgt. Hamblin (A) beat Q.M.S. Wilson and Spr. McWhinnie (B) 6-3. beat Cpl. Trengrove and Spr. Newing 6-3. beat Q. M. S. Longbottom and S. Sgt. Best 5-1.

C. S. M. Pearson and Sgt. Townsend beat Wilson and McWhinnie 6-3. beat Trengrove and Newing 4-5. lost to Longbottom and Best 4-5.

R. E. "A" beat R.A.O.C. by 36 games to 25. Scores:

Scotland's Glory through the Ages.

PETER DAWSON'S
PD
SCOTCH WHISKY

The brand of historic lineage.
 A few people, appreciative of the finer things of life, may never have tasted "P.D."

A welcome surprise awaits those who insist on "P.D." Scotch, a supreme Whisky of quality, very old, and of enviable reputation.

Everyone's favourite Scotch—everywhere.

PETER DAWSON, Ltd.,
 Distillers, GLASGOW, SCOTLAND.

Edinburgh Castle

Sole Distributing Agents for HONGKONG and South China,
Messrs. H. RUTTONJEE & SONS,

15, Queen's Road Central, HONGKONG.

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

THE DAVIS CUP.

Boston, August 12.
 In the Davis Cup doubles Patterson and O. Hara Wood (Australia) defeated Gobert and Cochet (France), 6-0, 6-3, 4-6, 6-3, 10-8. The Australian Anderson is suffering from slight pneumonia and did not participate in the games.

Boston, Aug. 13.
 Owing to rain the remaining Davis Cup singles were postponed until Aug. 14, fortunately for the Australasians, as Patterson has strained his ankle and O. Hara Wood is suffering from neuritis.

CAIRO OUTRAGE.

Cairo, Aug. 13.
 Five men with revolvers ambushed Mr. T. Brown, director of the Horticultural Division of the Ministry of Agriculture, whilst on his way home in a cab with his children and their nurse. The driver was killed, and Mr. Brown and one child and the nurse slightly wounded. Mr. Brown believes the assailants are students. Up to the present no arrests have been made.

THE EXPLOSION ON THE S.S. ADRIATIC.

New York, August 12.
 A wireless message from the Adriatic states that the explosion was caused by spontaneous combustion in a reserve coal hatch. It occurred in the early morning. Five of the crew were killed and five injured. No passengers were hurt. It is believed that one of the killed was blown overboard.

INTERNATIONAL AGRICULTURAL LABOUR.

The Hague, August 12.
 The International Court of Justice by a majority has decided affirmatively the question submitted by France, whether an international labour organisation is competent, internationally, to regulate the hours and other conditions of agricultural workers. The French and Roumanian judges dissented.
 The Court decided that such an organisation is not competent to scrutinise the means of production.

BAVARIA AND BERLIN.

Berlin, August 12.
 The dispute between the Central and the Bavarian Governments has been settled by a compromise. The latter agreed to withdraw its Ordinance against the Central Government's laws for the defence of the Republic, while the Central Government agrees to respect Bavaria's special sovereign rights in the execution of such laws.

CHILIAN FOREIGN MINISTER CENSURED.

Santiago, August 13.
 The Chilean Senate has passed a resolution censuring the Foreign Minister, who is charged with giving the Senate information regarding the Washington protocol which was not in accordance with the official text.

CONSIGNEES.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

VEREENIGDE NEDERLANDSCHE SCHEEPVAART-MAATSCHAPPIJ
 (United Netherlands Navigation Company.)

HOLLAND-OOST AZIE LIJN.
 (Holland-East-Asia Line)

From **AMSTERDAM, ROTTERDAM, BREMEN, HAMBURG, LISBON & GENOA.**

The Steamship
 "SEMBILAN"

having arrived from the above ports, consignees of cargo by her are notified that all goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra-hazardous godowns of the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co. Ltd., whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

Goods not cleared by the 19th. Aug. 1922, will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed and damaged packages are to be left in the godowns, where they will be examined on the 18th. Aug. 1922, at 10 a.m. by Messrs. Goddard & Douglas.

Claims against the steamer must be presented in writing within ten days after arrival of steamer, otherwise they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by the undersigned in any case whatever.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.

General Agents.

CONSIGNEES.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

From **EUROPE AND STRAITS.**

The Company's Steamship
 "BUYO MARU."

having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, where each consignment will be sorted out mark by mark and delivery can be obtained as soon as the Goods are landed.

Optional Goods will be carried on unless instructions are given to the contrary before noon, To-day.

Goods not cleared by the 10th. August, 1922, will be subject to rent.

Damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees and the Co.'s representatives at an appointed hour on Tuesday and Friday. All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognised. No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
 Agents.
 Hongkong, 12th. August, 1922.

AN UNPLEASANT "SHOCK."

A curious incident is reported from Yokohama, a foreign resident receiving a severe electric shock while having a bath in his house. The resident in question, Mr. A. W. L. Giles, had returned home to his bungalow on the Bluff, and had scarcely entered his bath when the shock occurred. He was just able to crawl out on to the floor where he was later found by Mrs. Giles. He had been badly burned about the ankles and back, and was absolutely exhausted. The explanation given of the accident is that the cable of the electric company passes under the bungalow, and it must have been as a result of a defect in the insulation that the shock was received by Mr. Giles.

HIMROD'S
asthma
Cure

GIVES INSTANT RELIEF
 No matter what your respiratory organs may be suffering from—whether Asthma, Bronchitis, Hay Fever, or Ordinary Cough—you will find in this famous remedy a restorative power that is simply unequalled.

PAIRED FOR 20 YEARS
 Sold in this by all Chemists and Stores throughout the Country
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

FRECKLES AND HIS FRIENDS

Freckles Doesn't Lead a Dog's Life

BY BLOSSER



SEASONABLE SUMMER BEVERAGES.

WATSON'S DRY GINGER ALE

Its dryness and aroma are features which give this drink the popularity it deserves.

WATSON'S STONE GINGER BEER

Prepared by a process of partial fermentation which gives it the distinctive flavour which is so pleasing to the palate.

"FORMAZONE"

Possess the characteristic stimulating and refreshing qualities of Champagne: it has a delicious flavour. An ideal beverage for tennis and launch parties.

A. S. WATSON & Co. Ltd.
AERATED WATER MANUFACTURERS.
TELEPHONE 436.



"How the Old Folks did enjoy it!"
FOR many a happy hour will the old folks sit and listen to the new Victrola, as it sings for them once again the tender and affecting songs of other days. The young folks will love it too—for it will awaken and stimulate them with all that is best in the music of today and tomorrow.

S. MOUTRIE & CO. LTD.
Exclusive Agents.

ATTRACTIVE CHINA AND GLASS

FOR THE DINING TABLE.



STOCK PATTERNS AND COMPLETE SETS.

GREEN AND WHITE FIRE PROOF CHINAWARE.

EXCLUSIVE DESIGNS. MODERATE PRICES.

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

SODA FOUNTAIN

AT CAFE WISEMAN.

SUNDAES, PUNCHES

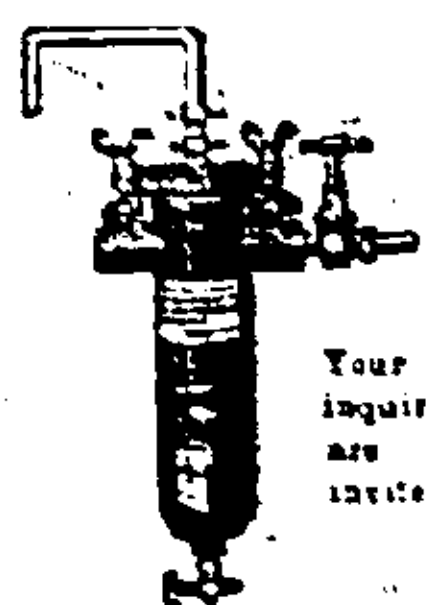
ICE CREAM SODAS

ALL FLAVOURS.

BEST SERVICE, HIGH QUALITY, LOW PRICES.

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

BROWNLOW FILTERS



STERILISE WATER.

MUSTARD AND CO.

17, Connaught Road, Central.

Tel. No. 1186.

BIRTH.

MARRIOTT.—At the Peak Hospital, on August 12th, to Dr. and Mrs. O. Marriott, a son.

The Telegraph.

HONGKONG, 14th August, 1932.

THE REGISTRATION ORDINANCE.

Saturday's issue of the *Telegraph* revealed our contributor "Robert MacWhirter" in a bellicose frame of mind. He didn't even spare the paper that once a week furnishes him with the opportunity of displaying his genius. The burden of his criticism appears to have been that in our attitude regarding the Registration Bill we have been inconsistent. For the benefit of our contributor we will restate our attitude towards this proposed new law in a way which will permit of no misunderstanding and, we hope, refute the suggestion of inconsistency. We never have, and do not know, object to the proposal that residents be required to file particulars of their qualifications, but we have consistently objected, and shall continue to object, to the Government making use of information thus obtained for the purposes of either military or industrial conscription. "Robert" does not see why a man should be forced to tell what he can best do if he is not going to be forced to do it. The answer is that the proposed register will give the Government the information necessary to enable it to organise, without waste of time, the services of all citizens who volunteer their assistance. By the method of compulsory registration, extending to new comers as well as to present residents, the register will always be kept up to date, a thing which would be impossible under a purely voluntary system.

As to whether the registration of women would serve any useful purpose, that is a matter upon which opinions may differ, though, for ourselves, we can conceive of emergencies quite apart from strikes in which a knowledge of the qualifications of the Colony's womanhood would be of distinct value to the authorities. Our suggestion that women should be included amongst the registered persons was in no way inconsistent with previous or subsequent comment, for the simple reason that we have never objected to registration. That is a vital point which Mr. MacWhirter appears to have overlooked. Our contributor is rather misleading when he states that one day we objected to the granting of wide powers to the police and the very next day we did not think that those powers were wide enough when we intimated that women should be made subject to them. We made no such intimation. We still object to the wide powers of cross-examination given to the police under the Bill. Our approval of registration does not imply approval of those powers.

We will content ourselves with this explanation of our attitude in the hope that we have made ourselves clear, even to the most obtuse understanding. As to the Bill itself, we welcome the official assurance that there is no intention of introducing conscription in any shape or form. The Government's intention, apparently, is to compile a reliable register of individual qualifications and only to make use of that information by calling for volunteers should occasion arise. That clarifies the position. All that now remains to be done in order to purge the Bill of its objectionable features is to revise the penalty and eliminate the wide powers given to the police. Then, so far as we can see, there will be nothing in the Bill to which any reasonable person can take exception.

Chan King-ming's Vision.

If General Chan King-ming can carry out the idea which he expressed in the conversation we were enabled to report on Saturday, then he will indeed have brought a blessing to his country. For so long has Canton been separated from the rest of China as regards administration that many people have come to look upon that separation as something inevitable. Chan King-ming does not. He recognises that the separation was political and that reunification can also be brought about by political means. Canton broke away from Peking on the score of "constitutionalism," and if Peking can enforce and direct a constitutional system of government then the reason for Canton's independence breaks down. At the present time there is undoubtedly a constitutional movement in the North, and Chan seems anxious to take the opportunity to bring about a unified and well-governed country. He has plainly stated that the south-western provinces cannot hope to do much on their own; they must work in conjunction with others. He has summed up China's troubles when he states that local government, the right of provinces, has been withheld from them, and that military affairs, the right of the central authorities, has been usurped by provincial Tunchuns. China needs a reversal of that state of affairs before she can hope for internal peace. If Chan comes down to Canton and assumes the Civil Governorship and co-operates with other enlightened leaders towards the taking over by Peking of an effective national control, he will have done much to earn the gratitude of his countrymen and the admiration of foreign well-wishers of China.

Mr. Denby's Speech.

A Shanghai message indicates that the British Chamber of Commerce has moved in the matter of the speech delivered at Yokohama by Mr. Denby, the United States Naval Secretary. Mr. Denby alleged that American cargoes were deliberately mislabeled, this providing a concrete argument in favour of America developing her own Mercantile Marine. The United States Naval Secretary, who was speaking on Japanese soil, was careful to exonerate that country. When Mr. Denby arrived at Shanghai he reiterated the charge, but intimated surprise that British shipowners "should fit the cap to their heads." The answer was manifest. Of the world's three largest maritime carriers, two were ruled out, Mr. Denby expressly exonerating Japan, while it is obvious that the United States Naval Secretary could not have been referring to the vessels of his own country. While making this sweeping charge Mr. Denby did not, either at Yokohama or Shanghai, give

any specific instances, so that British shipowners had no opportunity of rebutting the allegations. As a matter of elementary justice, either the charge should be withdrawn or material for investigation furnished; and the British Chamber's action along this line will be generally approved.

A Loss.

Ireland, indeed Britain, can ill-afford the passing of Mr. Arthur Griffith. The deceased Irish leader provided an example of a Sinn Féiner not only frankly recognising the benefit to his country of the Irish treaty, but of devoting himself steadily to the application of it in the face of hostility from the irreconcilables. Only last year Mr. Griffith, then Vice-President of the Sinn Féin organisation, was one of those arrested by the Imperial authorities in respect of sedition. When the conference between representatives of the Home Government and of Ireland was held, eventually resulting in the Irish treaty, Mr. Griffith came out strongly as a supporter of the settlement, and it is probable that his stand had a very considerable share in deciding the issue when matters hung in the balance. Under happier conditions the death of Mr. Griffith would have left a sense of loss; at the present critical juncture his passing is additionally to be regretted.

Death of an Old Gai.

It was a favourite gag with Tommy that the war would soon be over when "the Swiss Navy" joined the Allies. A little while ago we learned that the Swiss Marine was faulty as a synonym for the mythical, because the Central European republic had at least some trading ships on its lakes or rivers. The fact came to light through Switzerland being so jealous of its merchant service flag as to object to the new Canadian design, which resembles it. This is not all, for we read that the Helvetian republic actually has both a naval flag and a Navy—of sorts. During the war certain vessels were metamorphosed into a little guardian fleet and placed on the Swiss Lakes as a warning to Germany not to send Zeppelins over "Swiss national waters." Apparently the hint had effect, too, for the airships did not trespass. So now we must cease entirely to bracket the Swiss Navy with the Greek Kalends.

TO-DAY'S MISCELLANY.

The following par. from a London paper, posted in mail week, concerns an ex-Governor of this Colony: From the large number of public dinners which are taking place in London this week, one, to a man who knows his Africa, stands out from the rest as a gathering of pioneers as well as soldiers. This is the West African Frontier Force dinner, to be held this evening, over which Sir Frederick Lugard will preside. Sir Frederick was the founder of the Force, and has many tales to tell of his experiences in Nigeria and Uganda. On one occasion he was sent in charge of an expedition against slave-traders on Lake Nyasa, and in the fighting which resulted was severely wounded. Now he enjoys well-earned rest near Dorking.

Teachers' salaries, recently discussed in the House of Commons, show a considerable advance on the medieval scales. The salary was about £16 per annum, but this was supplemented in ways that professional etiquette would now rule out. On Candlemas Day the master sat at his desk for doles like Matthew at the receipt of custom. But the offerings were small, the usual amount being sixpence or a shilling, though some would bring as much as a crown, the highest boy and girl contributors being respectively dubbed "king" and "queen." Then by a refinement of cruelty each boy brought 5s. for rods, and at sundry times there were "potation pence," which one foundress restricted to twice a year. One can hardly imagine a modern master or mistress with a box on his desk for "potations," and even the worst boy gets off with less than 5s. worth of stick a year.

WIRELESS ON JAPANESE TRAINS.

To Japan apparently will be long the credit of pioneering in wireless telephony in the Far East. It has just been announced that for the convenience of the public wireless telephones are to be installed on the trains running between Tokyo and Kobe.

DAY BY DAY.

IF ANY MAN, WHETHER HE BE LEARNED OR NOT, CONSIDERS HIMSELF SO GREAT AS TO DESPISE OTHERS, HE IS LIKE A BLIND MAN HOLDING A CANDLE—Buddhist Saying.

During the twenty-four hours ending Saturday there was one non-fatal case of cerebro-spinal fever reported. Apart from this there was a clean bill of health.

Mrs. McFarlane, who lives at No. 2 Armand Place, has reported to the police that on Saturday her bedroom was entered by a thief who stole money and jewellery of the total value of \$145.

The United States cruiser, *Tracy*, arrived from Canton yesterday. She is scheduled to remain in Hongkong for two weeks after which she will return to Canton.

The man arrested in connection with the stabbing and wounding of a rattle worker last week was remanded by the Magistrate (Mr. R. E. Lindsell) this morning, it being stated that the victim was in Hospital suffering from a wound in the base of the right lung, which may result fatally.

Should the Chinese press be correctly informed, another powerful military-political clique may shortly be formed, Marshals Tsao Kun and Chang Tso-lin being reported to have sent representatives to Tientsin to meet Marshal Tuan Chi-jui with a view to joining hands. Dr. Sun Yat-sen has already allied himself with Chang and Tuan. —N. C. Daily News Aug. 8.

George Sing, a Chinese, who has just returned from Manila, was yesterday arrested on the *Praya* in connection with the seizure, alleged to have been effected amongst his luggage, of one sporting gun, three revolvers with spare parts, 100 empty shells, 550 rounds of ammunition, 1,000 copper primers, and seven pounds of powder. The case will be heard by the magistrate later.

According to the *Shanghai Journal of Commerce*, a meeting of the National Citizens' Diplomatic Association was held on the 2nd instant to consider the Macao affairs. After some discussion it was decided to raise a fund for the relief of distressed Chinese in Macao, and to hold a further meeting to consider ways and means of dealing with the matter.

Five men secreted themselves in a secluded spot near Gascoigne Road, near the old rifle range at King's Park, and held up an ambush and a cook, employed at No. 28 Wosung Street, whilst the former was drawing water from the nullah. A pair of bangles and a pair of earrings valued at \$104 in all were stolen from her. The robbers, who were armed with daggers, made their escape.

Local footballers will be interested to learn that A. Menham, the Wiltshire Regiment centre-forward has signed professional forms for Ton Centre in the Southern League. Menham was an old schoolboy International and also assisted Swindon Town in the 2nd Division of the Southern League before joining the Army. It will be remembered that Menham played for the Army V. The Navy Services V. Civilians and several representative games during the Wiltshire's stay in the Colony. He has signed on for Ton Centre as a right back, which is his original position.

Four adult Chinese, who were charged with indecent behaviour whilst bathing in the nullah near Garden Road, were fined \$4 each by Mr. E. W. Hamilton this morning. An Indian constable, giving evidence, said that with two recruits he surprised the defendants, who were in a state of complete nudity and were unable to make their escape for that reason. His statement was corroborated by Sergeant Booker, who in reply to a question from the Magistrate as to the receipt of complaints, said that as a matter of fact as he was walking with his wife on Saturday afternoon she complained that this practice had been going on almost every afternoon. Other ladies who were with her passed the same remark.

LAWN BOWLS LEAGUE.

Saturday's Exciting Games.

There were two good sporting finishes in the League matches on Saturday, both Craigengower and the Kowloon Bowling Green winning on the last head.

In the C.C.C. versus C.S.C.C. match, the Civil Service were lying the shot with the scores a tie when the skips went down. Omar tried to draw but failed. Allan tried a difficult draw and also missed. Omar then drove and struck the jack hard against a back wood. It rebounded on to one of the Craigengower's front woods and lay the shot, thus winning the match by two points.

In the other match the K.C.C. were lying four on the last head, making the scores a tie and all their woods delivered. The last wood of the match won the game, Edwards making a wonderful draw through a very narrow port, robbing the K.C.C. of their four and lying the shot. The K.B.C.C. thus won the match by five points. Talloo No. 1 v. Police Club.

On the Police green, Talloo (1) defeated the Police by 72 points to 48.

Police.	Talloo.
Smith	McCubbin
Clark	Bateman
Reid	Morrison
Mair	Ferguson
(Skip).....18	(Skip).....33
No. 2 Rink.	
Moss	Slane
McLellan	Amery
Ogg	Perrie
W. Gerrard	Drummond
(Skip).....14	(Skip).....24
No. 3 Rink.	
Kelly	Holland
Caslin	O'Brien
Grimmett	Weir
Grant	Wotherspoon
(Skip).....18	(Skip).....15
Total.....48	Total.....72

Civil Service v. Craigengower. This match resulted in a very narrow victory for Craigengower, the game being won by the last shot of the day by Omar.

Craigengower.	Civil Service.
Green	Hall
W. Rose	Long
Lee	Forbes
Basa	Stanley
(Skip).....13	(Skip).....22
No. 2 Rink.	
Capt. Jenkins	Sandford
Souza	Sullivan
Fisher	Hull
L. Rose	Fincher
(Skip).....20	(Skip).....16
No. 3 Rink.	
Alves	Osrick
Ismail	Knott
Grimes	Tacchi
Omar	A. B. Allan
(Skip).....21	(Skip).....14
Total.....41	Total.....52

Kowloon B.G.C. v. Kowloon C.C. This match was won by the Bowling Green Club with the last shot.

K.B.G.	K.C.C.
Harvey	Thompson
Gourley	Brown
Guy	Stevens
W. Russell	Gibson
(Skip).....17	(Skip).....31
No. 2 Rink.	
Hedley	Nicholls
Whibley	Overy
Lapeley	Hyde
Gray	Jack
(Skip).....23	(Skip).....13
No. 1 Rink.	
Johnston	Hunter
Farrell	Davidson
Gow	Robinson
Edwards	Pile
(Skip).....26	(Skip).....17
Total.....66	Total.....61

League Table.				
P.	W.	L.	T.	Pts.
Kowloon B.G.	10	8	1	17.
Talloo (2)	10	8	2	0 16.
Talloo (1)	10	7	3	0 14.
Police R.C.	10	4	6	0 8.
Civil Service C.C.	9	8	6	0 6.
Craigengower	11	2	8	1 5.
Kowloon C.C.	10	2	8	0 4.

U.S. BASEBALL.

AUGUST 5.

NATIONAL LEAGUE—Brooklyn 5, Cincinnati 0. Brooklyn 1, Cincinnati 0. Philadelphia 9, St. Louis 1. New York 19, Chicago 7. Pittsburgh 9, Boston 3.

AMERICAN LEAGUE—New York 7, Cleveland 1. Washington 6, Chicago 2. Boston 8, Detroit 5. St. Louis 4, Philadelphia 1.

CHINESE LANGUAGE AND STUDIES.

Gold Medal for Professor Giles.

The Triennial Medal of the Royal Asiatic Society, founded in 1897, was presented on July 4 to Mr. Herbert A. Giles, LL.D., Professor of Chinese in the University of Cambridge, by the President, Lord Chalmers.

Mr. L. C. Hopkins said that his task in speaking of the qualifications of Professor Giles to receive the medal was most welcome and grateful. If he were asked to formulate in a sentence the special merit and merit of Professor Giles' lifelong labours, he would say that beyond all other living scholars he had humanised Chinese studies. He had by his writings made more readers know more things about China—things that were vital, things that were a truer understanding of the Chinese intellect, its capabilities and achievement, than any other scholar.

Sir Charles Addis said it would be impossible to exaggerate the influence which Dr. Giles exercised on Chinese affairs with increasing force as the years went on. It was significant of the thoroughness with which he had done his work that he had provided for the continuance of the succession of scholars he was following in the persons of his distinguished family.

Sir John Jordan paid a high tribute to Dr. Giles as an ex-member of the Consular Service in China and as a Sinologue. Sir John stated that he had always been a great admirer of the wonderful felicity of Dr. Giles' translations.

The President, Lord Chalmers, said that though he was not qualified to speak as a Sinologue, he felt grateful to Dr. Giles for opening to English readers the treasure chambers of Chinese history, literature, and thought.

THE CINDERELLA OF LANGUAGES.

Prof. Giles said this was the first occasion on which the Royal Asiatic Society had allotted its gold medal for Chinese studies. It would be a great encouragement to future students who have little to look forward to in the present day in the way either of remuneration or of honorary distinction. He continued: There are, of course, those dazzling stipends paid to professors of Chinese by the Universities of Oxford, Cambridge and, I believe, Manchester—(laughter)—while that of the professor at the Oriental School in London soars. I am given to understand into quite phenomenal figures. I am tired of calling Chinese the Cinderella of languages. Luckily, however, remunerated, to the genuine student this language is like blood to a tiger; once really taught, always a man-eater or a Sinologue, as the case may be. (Cheers and laughter.) For the benefit of those to whom this term may not be familiar in all its bearings, I may say that in China a Sinologue is generally regarded as a wild man whose judgment and other faculties have been seriously impaired by laborious days, and even nights, devoted to the study of Chinese. (Laughter.) The future is full of promise, and I feel that some day Chinese will have a triumphant innings.

Mr. Chao-hsin Chu, the Chinese Charge d'Affaires, wound up the proceedings with an accomplished address, recognising the high merit and value of Dr. Giles' Chinese studies.

MONTMARTRE "REPUBLIC."

The "Republic" of Montmartre has recognized de facto, the Republic of the United States of America, and is sending M. Lucien Boyer, the popular singer of songs, to represent its interests at Washington. Of course Montmartre does not expect to be taken seriously—that, no doubt, would be a *cassus belli*—but M. Boyer hopes to be allowed to present his credentials to President Harding. They are inscribed on a fair scroll of parchment, making known to all men that he is appointed Ambassador Extraordinary to all kings, princes, presidents, ministers, and other tyrants, and especially to the three Americas. Nevertheless, his mission has its serious side. Montmartre is not all jest and folly. The "Republic" has its poor, and looks after them; and M. Boyer hopes to collect a goodly sum for them on his tour through America.

FAR EAST IN PARLIAMENT.

Status of Aliens Bill.

A Bill has been introduced into the House of Commons to provide for the continuance, under certain conditions, of the British nationality of successive generations of British descent born abroad. Under the existing law British nationality by descent ends after the first generation for in the case of persons born before 1915, the second generation born abroad. The Bill proposes that every child born abroad of a British father shall be a British subject, if two main conditions, calculated to show continued connection and sympathy with the British Empire, are fulfilled, namely, that birth of the child is at the time registered at a British Consulate, and also, the child, on obtaining majority, asserts his British nationality by a declaration duly registered. The Bill effects this by inserting certain provisions in section one of the British Nationality and Status of Aliens Act, 1914, which defines natural-born British subject.

Mr. Gershom Stewart, as one who had lived a good many of his years abroad, said he would like to thank the Government for bringing in the Bill, as it would remove a great hardship and be a great boon to many people who live in exile in distant lands and have not been able to acquire enough money to retire to spend their last years in their own country. He thought it was a wise measure, because it adds to our outposts and friends in every quarter of the globe, and gives all our brother-countrymen in distant lands a great consolation and pride in remaining Englishmen, especially our subjects in Japan. They do not wish to become Japanese, and this Bill will relieve them. Sir D. MacLean, Mr. Hopkins, Mr. Manville, Lieut.-Col. A. Murray, Sir Stanley Johnson, Mr. Neil MacLean and others, although in some cases suggesting additions and modifications were in sympathy with the Bill, which was read a second time and committed to a Standing Committee.

WIRELESS ON SHIPS.

Captain H. R. Sankey, dealing with the question of wireless as an aid to transport, anticipated that wireless telephony will be adopted at least in the larger liners. It might also be used for coastal work by small ships. The recently invented "wireless beam," about which little had yet been publicly disclosed, he said, would be an additional safeguard to the mariner. During fog it could warn ships of approaching danger and enable them to keep a prescribed course. The transmitter projected a beam of wireless waves, which might be likened to a somewhat diffused searchlight beam. Predetermined signals would be sent out by an automatically controlled beam, and any ships coming into the beam would hear on its wireless receiver the corresponding signal, from which it could ascertain its position.

NERVE STORMS.

Lightning is not more erratic than the person who suffers from nerve storms. Though the victim is often accused of being "bad-tempered," the trouble is really one of health. Bad days usually begin with irritation on rising. Some little upset a cantankerous mood, and once the balance topples all control is lost.

Nerve storms are dangerous; the wear and tear on the nervous system is highly exhausting and debilitating to the digestion and heart; it causes also congestion in the liver and brain; and, indeed, collapse sometimes follows.

Make no mistake—nerve storms indicate a nervous dyspeptic state. When the digestion is perfect, the appetite is good, and food eaten keeps the nerves and blood well fed. Then such good health pervades the system that nervous disturbances are rare.

Weak, irritable, nervous victims of indigestion should tune up their nerves and strengthen their digestion with new blood. To make this new blood it is necessary to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, for these pills create new blood that makes you feel fit from tip to toe. You will be delighted with the keen appetite, energy and radiant good health that follow.

Chemists everywhere sell Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, or direct from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Bechen Road, Shanghai, \$1.50 for one bottle, \$8.00 for six bottles, post free.

Write to-day for a free book on The Nerves to the above address.

WU'S TASK.

Has He the Right Qualifications?

Despite the fact that Chinese soldier gun soldier is acknowledged to rank high, he has gained a bad name, and until some Napoleon arises who can lead him to victory on the field he will be a joke to the world, and a ready gibe for the Western librettist, writes a correspondent in the *Manchester Guardian*. General Gordon, of Khartoum fame, acknowledged his qualities on more than one occasion when he was seconded to China to put down the Taiping Rebellion, and in more modern times General J. W. N. Munthe, a Swedish officer, who is responsible for the training of the Peking gendarmes, and who, by reason of his close association with Yuan Shih-kai when China's strong man was organising a model army, is almost extravagant in his praise of the great worth of the Chinese soldier to any competent leader. But these protestations do not prevent our comic writers—as in "San Toy"—from holding him up to ridicule, and it is from doggerel such as is presented in revue and musical comedy rather than from the serious opinions of acknowledged experts that the mass of people gains its knowledge of things Chinese.

China of to-day is bereft of a military leader who can combine the soldierly qualities of Napoleon and his statesmanship, the necessary gift of a man who would purge the ills of 400,000,000 suffering people over an area that could easily embrace Europe. The founders of several dynasties in China's storied past may be likened to Napoleon in both capacities, and it is not unusual to hear Wu Pei-fu spoken of as the rightful heir of their glories. Already there is a certain amount of tradition attaching to his person. It is said that if Wu Pei-fu says he will be at a certain place at a certain time, he will be there, whatever obstacles are in his way. In one of his early campaigns he made known his intention to occupy Yochow, and the people were so demoralised that Wu Pei-fu entered the city with only a handful of men, and found he had quelled the disturbance by his threat, although in order to keep the appointment, he had to journey to the city without the troops on which he had counted to effect an entrance. The "ever-victorious" General. After this experience added the use to his strategic armoury, and in recent times has had occasion to use it, notably when he charged into the Szechuenese last year at the head of his personal body-guard.

CHANG'S MISFORTUNES.

The campaign which has ended in the rout of the Manchurian warlord is in a different category from those which have hitherto marked the Loyang General's career. His adversary had a better strategic position, he had more men, more guns, better equipment, and a far bigger war chest, as well as allies in Southern and Central China. Unfortunately for Chang Tso-lin, he was left to fight his own battles. Sun Yat-sen failed to keep his promise in consequence of differences of opinion with other Canton leaders, and the other allies apparently preferred to live to fight another day—for their own ends, and for the glorification of the Mukden or any other leader. The advantage was still well on the side of Chang; yet in seven days he was defeated all along the line from Changshien to Machang, thanks to the treachery of certain Mukden commanders and the better *morale* of the Chihli (Wu Pei-fu's) troops. Wu delivered a thrust round Changshien, so turning Chang's flank, and is now engaged in rounding up the bodies that were scattered by his lightning movement.

Both armies were equipped on a scale unknown in China before. German artillery, Japanese rifles, complete modern equipment, and detailed organisation marked the army under Chang Tso-lin's command. The men were provided with goggles for the protection of their eyes from the dust that sweeps over North China at frequent intervals. A visit to Changshien during its occupation by the Mukden troops testified to the completeness of the organisation. Field kitchens lined the streets, camels and bullocks, laden with shells and food supplies, kept up a procession to the front lines, and no particular of the myriad base details seemed to be overlooked. Over all was that atmosphere of order in confusion which reigns in a peculiar degree at an army base, and that badinage which is as indispensable to an army's

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

BUTTER

The best known Brands on the Market.

"Daisy" \$1.10 per lb.
"Dairymaid" \$1.00 ..

CHEESE

Edam \$3.25 per ball
Gruyere \$1.10 per lb.
Australian Cheddar85 ..
American85 ..
Plonic (Own Make)40 per jar.

THE DAIRY FARM, ICE & COLD STORAGE CO., LTD.

moral as its food. The soldiers were equipped down to the enamelled muzz attached to their haversacks. On the other hand the Chihli troops were comparatively ill-fed, and had not been paid for five months.

The Mukden forces lacked only leadership. That essential quality in modern warfare was monopolised by the Loyang General. He can fight; he can command; and his determination to win or die is translated to the men by personal example and exalted motive and uncompromising severity. Hence his victory.

AN UNCONSTITUTIONAL GOVERNMENT.

The political situation is now in the hands of Wu Pei-fu. He declares his unwillingness to come to Peking until his task is over but his hand is revealed in the changed aspect of affairs. Liang Shih-yi (Premier), Yeh Kung-cho (Minister of Communications), and Chang Hu (Minister of Finance)—the three commanding figures in the last administration—have been deprived of their offices, and have sought sanctuary from arrest on the soil of Japan. A new Cabinet of inoffensive people is now being gathered together; and an unconstitutional government has received a new lease of life without, however, the forbidding shadow of Chang Pei-fu. The ascendancy of Wu Pei-fu may, of course, start a train of consequences that will eventually lead to the restoration of constitutionalism. He may revive the old Parliament, or call a national convention to bring about reunification. This has always been his ambition, and, Tsuchun though he is, he is quite sincere in his desire to reach that goal.

If reunification can be achieved, he may be forgiven certain aberrations of statesmanship which have been a little difficult to follow, and he may prepare the way for the gradual demilitarisation of provincial control which is at the root of the present travail. Unfortunately, he is too prone to accept the advice of men with axes to grind. He realises his own limitations as a statesman, and he turns in his indecision—an indecision strangely at issue with his military spirit—to men with only a glimmering of political sense for guidance in matters out of his military province. His greatest need at the present time seems to be a man with a wide vision of affairs and a firm hand to initiate the reconstruction of China after Wu Pei-fu's sword has finished its immediate work. That sword could then be the protector of legalised and centralised authority.

JOURNALIST, HERO.

The following paragraph from *Finance & Commerce*, Shanghai, notes an interesting sequel to the attempt. Our readers will be interested to learn that the Imperial Japanese Government has presented Mr. H. A. Thompson of the editorial staff of *Finance & Commerce*, with two magnificent silver vases in recognition of the gallant part he played in securing the arrest of one of the Koreans who, in March last, endeavoured to assassinate General Baron Tanaka the Japanese Minister of War. It will be remembered that Mr. Thompson, though severely wounded in the breast, held on to the Korean until the latter was taken over by the police. The vases stand about a foot high, and are the work of one of Japan's most famous craftsmen.

CHINESE INDUSTRIAL LEADER'S TOUR.

Mission for Son of Magnate.

The appointment of Mr. Chang Hsiao-jo, son of the eminent industrial leader of Nantungchow, as a Special Commissioner to investigate the industrial conditions in Europe and America, has not only sprung a surprise on the public but also called forth a good deal of discussion in political and banking circles. It is rumored in certain quarters that the Government, in appointing Mr. Chang to the new post is trying to raise a big loan abroad in order to finance the Peking Administration. But according to well-informed circles the rumor is not strictly correct. It is true that Mr. Chang's mission is to raise loans, but it has been ascertained that the loans are meant not for the Government, but for Mr. Chang's father, Chang Chien.

A LOSS OF SEVEN MILLION.

Mr. Chang Chien is popularly known in the Yangtze valley as the "Industrial King," and as such he is generally believed to have made enormous fortunes lately. In reality, however, Mr. Chang has been losing money on most of his industrial concerns—\$7,000,000 altogether—except the Tasing Cotton Mill. But the profit from the cotton mill has not been large enough to balance Mr. Chang's huge losses, hence his son's trip to the United States. Mr. Chang Junior, last year tried to secure the Speakership of the Kiangsu Provincial Assembly, against the aspirations of Mr. Chang Yi-lin and in that campaign he is said to have spent his father's money so freely that he helped to increase his father's debit balance considerably.

Mr. Chang Chien recently consulted certain Japanese capitalists for a loan to sustain his mills and factories in Nantungchow, but the Japanese agreed to finance him only on the condition that he allowed his industrial concerns to be managed jointly by Japanese and Chinese investors. Mr. Chang lacked the courage to agree to such terms, because he was afraid that they would not only be drastically opposed by those connected with the enterprises but also make him an enemy of the people by whom he is generally known as a patriot.

As a result he turned his attention to the capitalists of the West, and consequently he recommended his son to the Government for appointment as the Industrial Commissioner so that he could negotiate loans under that pretext. However, as soon as the Presidential order was issued appointing Mr. Chang Junior, to the said post, the Japanese capitalists became uneasy, because Chang's visit to Europe and America would mean a serious blow to Japanese enterprise. Hence they recently made a number of "concessions" to Mr. Chang, and are now said to be again discussing terms of a loan with him. In view of the amicable attitude of the Japanese, another Presidential order was issued the other day authorizing Mr. Chang Hsiao-jo to "study the industrial conditions in Japan" on his way to Europe and America. —Peking Leader.

MOUTRIE PIANOS.

The Highest type of Excellence.

J. T. SHAW

TEL. 692.

CLEARANCE SALE

NOW PROCEEDING

BIG BARGAINS

ARE BEING OFFERED

IN THE TAILORING AND OUTFITTING DEPTS.

THEY ARE ALL FAR BELOW

ORIGINAL COST

NEXT DOOR HONGKONG HOTEL

Powell Ltd.

TELEPHONE 3146



SUN HELMETS & DOUBLE TERAS.

Also a new shipment of

BATSWING

and OFEY-END

TIES.

There are many exclusive novelties

and designs of a dependable quality.

Call and inspect them at 10, 1c House St.

New stock of
GLYN & Co's
SOFT FELT HATS
just unpacked.
These are to be obtained
in the NEWEST
SHAPES & COLOUR-
INGS.
Price \$10.50

Price \$10.50

Price \$10.50

Price \$10.50

Price \$10.50

Price \$10.50

Price \$10.50

Price \$10.50

Price \$10.50

Price \$10.50

CAPE WINES

FROM J. SEDGWICK & Co., Ltd., CAPE TOWN

Claret

Drakenstein (Hock Style)

Sauvignon Blanc

Old Chateau Brandy

Santhagen Brandy

CALBECK, MAGGREGOR & CO., LTD.

18 Queen's Road Central. (Telephone No. 75)

A sure cure for Prickly Heat and other skin

irritation caused by the hot weather.

OUR PRICKLY HEAT LOTION & POWDER

50 cents and \$1.00

Obtainable only at

THE

THE COLONIAL DISPENSARY

Tel. No. 1877. 14, Queen's Road, Central. Tel. No. 1877.

WHEN YOU THINK OF

BETTER SOUP & PUDDINGS

THINK OF

THE HING WAH PASTE MFG. CO., LTD.

(No. 47-48 Connaught Road Central, Hongkong)

MANUFACTURERS

OF

MACARONI, VERMICELLI, PASTE

STARS, EGG NOODLES &c.

RING UP—2230.

DINNER SERVICES, TEA SETS

(FOR 12 PERSONS)

RUGS

CARPETS & TABLE COVERS

HOP CHEONG

Telephone No. 654. Complete Home Furnishers. 55, Queen's Road Central.

CAMERA NEWS



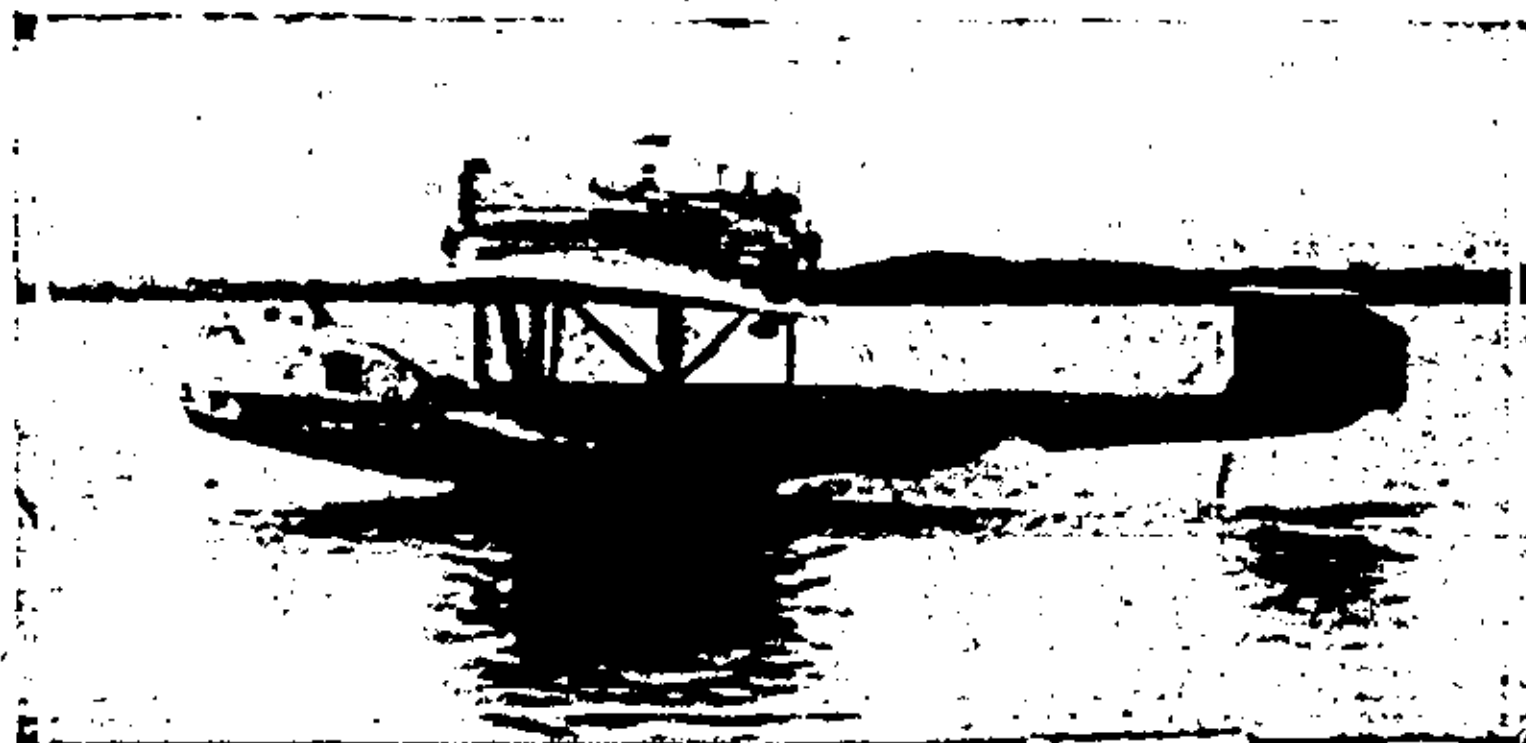
Queen Mary at the unveiling of a memorial to King Edward.



United States marines marching to entrain for Peking to reinforce American troops there guarding United States legation.



Miss Mary May, in biblical costume, who will take part in the "American Passion Play" at Los Angeles.



The "GI" Dornier, one of the newest all metal flying boats, being tried by the Germans. Restrictions being off, the German inventors are turning to the mastery of the air, this time for commercial reasons. This boat has a twin six motor, tractor and pusher and can carry eight to ten passengers.



William J. Love, Vice-President of the U.S. Shipping Board, who has headed a Commission to Germany to investigate port facilities.



Fixing an elephant's feet at the London Zoo.

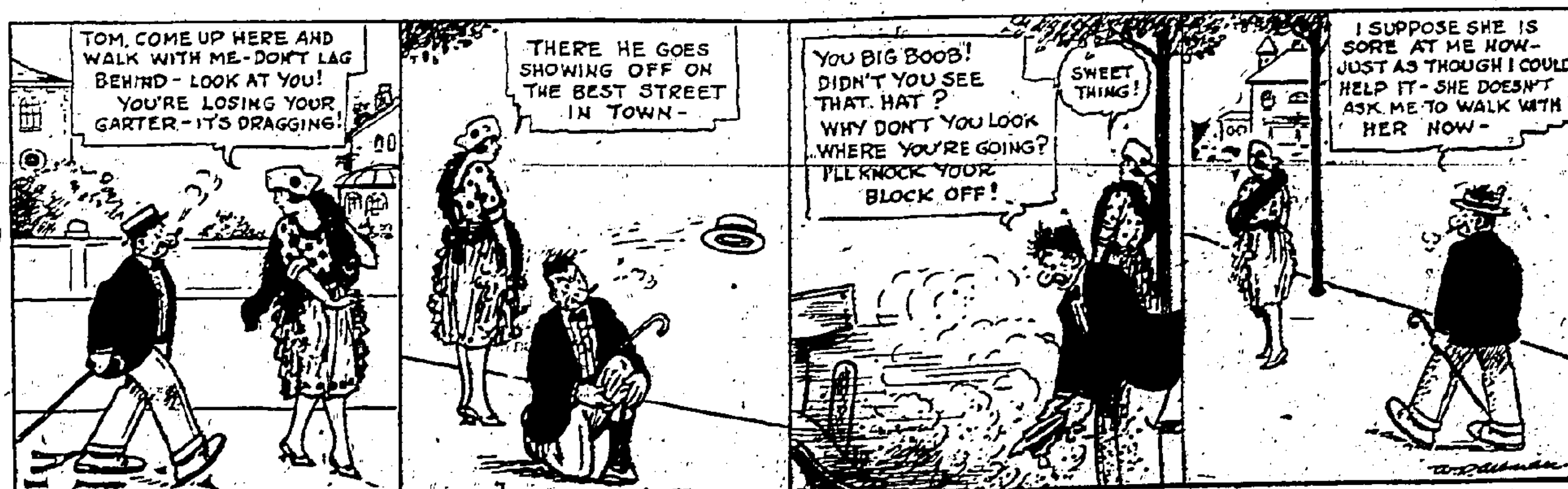


An Atlantic coast mermaid, who has rigged up webbed gloves, says they help her swim. "But who wants to swim?" queries the other who's enjoying a cigarette and the season's best seller in her semi-submarine easy chair.

DOINGS OF THE DUFFS

Just Out for a Walk.

BY ALLMAN



PACIFIC SHIPPING.



HOME VIA CANADA

Hongkong to England

via Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Vancouver & Montreal

From	To	From	To
Empress of Australia	Aug 24 Sept 11	Empress of Scotland	Sept 13 Sept 26
Empress of Asia	Sept 7 Sept 25	Empress of France	Oct 3 Oct 10
Empress of Canada	Sept 21 Oct 9	Empress of Scotland	Oct 17 Oct 24
Empress of Russia	Oct 5 Oct 23	Empress of France	Oct 31 Nov 6
Empress of Australia	Oct 19 Nov 6	Empress of Scotland	Nov 14 Nov 21

Other Atlantic sailings every few days to Liverpool, Southampton, Glasgow, Antwerp, Cherbourg and Hamburg. Afloatment of Cabins on Atlantic steamers held here and through tickets issued. Early reservation necessary.

Three Transcontinental Trains Daily.
Standard sleeping cars, Compartments & Drawing rooms.
Canadian Pacific Hotels at Victoria, Vancouver, in the Rockies, Calgary, Winnipeg, Montreal and Quebec.

"CANADIAN PACIFIC THROUGHOUT"

CANADIAN PACIFIC STEAMSHIPS, LIMITED.

Hongkong Office Telephone 752. Cable Address GACANPAC.



Reduced Fare to Europe U.S. \$620.50 First Class Through.

HONGKONG TO SAN FRANCISCO

VIA SHANGHAI THE ISLAND SEA JAPAN & HONOLULU

"THE PATHWAY OF THE SUN"

SHINYO M.	22,000	Aug. 14	SIBERIA M.	20,000	Sept. 23
PERSIA M.	9,000	Aug. 31	JENYO M.	22,000	Oct. 4
TAIYO M.	22,000	Sept. 9	KOREA M.	20,000	Oct. 18

Call at Dairen and omitting Shanghai

Call at Dairen

Call at Keelung

HONGKONG TO VALPARAISO

VIA MANILA, SINGAPORE, JAPAN, HONOLULU, HILO, SAN FRANCISCO

SAN PEDRO, SALINA, CBTZ, BALBOA, CALLAO

MULLENDO, ARICA & IQUIQUE

THENCE BY TRANS-ANDERSON ROUTE TO BUENOS AIRES

STRANGLER

HINYO MARU

ANYO MARU

SEIYO MARU

For full information regarding passengers, freight and sailing apply to

Y. TSUTSUMI, Manager,

King's Building, Tel. Nos. 2374 & 2375.

Agents at Canton. Messrs. T. E. GRIFFITH, LTD.

STRUTHERS & BARRY.

(Managing Agents—United States Shipping Board)

(EXPRESS FREIGHT SERVICE)

TO LOS ANGELES & SAN FRANCISCO

FROM HONGKONG BY DIRECT ROUTE.

"Apus" ... Due Hongkong 19th Aug.

Leaves Hongkong 21st Aug.

"West Ivan" ... Due Hongkong 1st Sept.

Leaves Hongkong 3rd Sept.

CARGO ACCEPTED FOR TRANSHIPMENT AT SAN FRANCISCO TO

WEEKLY SAILINGS FOR ATLANTIC SEABOARD PORTS THROUGH

BILLS OF LADING ISSUED TO U.S. & CANADIAN OVERLAND POINTS.

TO MANILA, SINGAPORE, BATAVIA,

SAMARANG AND SOERABAYA.

"Deerport" ... Due Hongkong 15th Aug.

Leaves Hongkong 16th Aug.

"Dewey" ... Due Hongkong 4th Sept.

Leaves Hongkong 5th Sept.

THROUGH BILLS OF LADING ISSUED TO ALL PORTS NOT SERVED.

For full information apply to

STRUTHERS & BARRY.

1st Floor, Powell's Building,

Phone No. 3008.

General Agent for

Japan-China-Philippines.

Indo-China-Straits & Java.

CHINA MERCHANTS S. N. CO.

Sailings Subject to Alteration

SHANGHAI—Regular Passenger, Mail and Cargo Service to

and from Shanghai. Excellent Saloon accommodation. Electric Fans

and Light throughout.

Passengers are landed in Shanghai, avoiding the inconvenience

of transshipment at Weasung.

For Freight or Passage apply to

CHINA MERCHANTS S. N. CO.

LO SHUN WAN—Manager.

GREENIGDE NEDERLANDSCH SCHEEPVAART

MAATSCHAPPIJ.

(United Netherlands Navigation Company)

HOLLAND-CHINA AZIE LIJN

(Holland East Asia Line)

(Members of the Straits, China and Japan

Conferences.)

Regular monthly service between

Japan ports, Shanghai, Hongkong and Manila

and

Amsterdam, Rotterdam, and Hamburg, Bremen

Steamers

For

Sailing

on or about

ZUSMA

SMBILAN

JEMMA

GOSTKERK

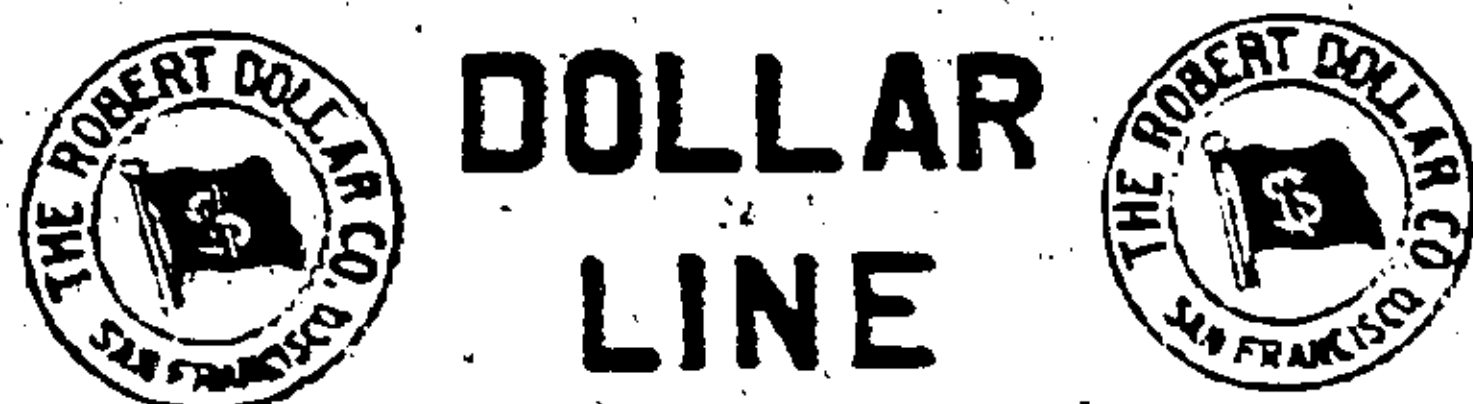
For full particulars apply to

JAN LYV

General Agent

York Building.

PACIFIC SHIPPING.



SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

For Baltimore via Genoa, Marseilles, Boston and New York.

S.S. DIANA DOLLAR ... 22nd October.

For New York via Genoa, Marseilles and Boston.

S.S. M. S. DOLLAR ... 25th Sept.

For San Francisco and Vancouver.

S.S. GRACE DOLLAR ... 16th October.

For Rates and Particulars Apply to

THE ROBERT DOLLAR CO.

No. 4A Des Vaux Road, Ground Floor. Tel. 795 & 792.

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD

REGULAR

FREIGHT AND PASSENGER SERVICE

ON THE BERTH FOR—

PORT SAID; ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG, BREMEN

S.S. WESTFALEN ... Sailing in October.

For particulars Regarding Rates and Bookings Apply to

THE ROBERT DOLLAR CO.

Tel. 795-792. Gen. P. O. Building. Third Floor.



SEATTLE & VICTORIA

(SERVICE—COURTESY—SPEED)

PASSENGER & FREIGHT

Via Shanghai, Kobe and Yokohama

S.S. President Jefferson ... For Seattle ... Aug. 24 ... Sept. 12

President Madison ... For Seattle ... Sept. 7 ... Sept. 25

President McKinley ... For Seattle ... Sept. 21 ... Oct. 10

MANILA SERVICE

S.S. President Jefferson ... Aug. 14

President Madison ... Aug. 20

President McKinley ... Sept. 11

SAIGON, SINGAPORE SERVICE

S.S. LAKE FARRAR ...

Through Bills of Lading to all United States and Canadian

Overland Points; also via Panama Canal Lines to Atlantic Ports.

Passengers and Freight Particulars, apply to

THE ADMIRAL LINE

PASSENGER OFFICE

H.K. & Shanghai Bank Building

4, Des Vaux Rd. C., G. Floor.

Telephones 2477 & 2478.

SERVICE TO NEW YORK.

NEW YORK and/or BOSTON

via ANAMA.

S.S. SURUGA ... about August 25.

For freight and particulars apply to

BARBER STEAMSHIP LINE INC.

THE ADMIRAL LINE

AGENTS.

4, Des Vaux Rd. C., H.K. & Shanghai Bank Bldg. Ground Floor.

Telephones 2477 & 2478.

KONINKLYKE PAKETVAART MAATSCHAPPIJ.

(Royal Packet Navigation Co. of Batavia)

THE STEAMSHIP

"VAN CLOON"

will be despatched 17th August to SINGAPORE, PENANG

and BELAWAN DELI

Offers excellent Saloon accommodation

All lower berths

English cuisine

Doctor carried

Wireless telegraph

1st class fare to SINGAPORE \$100.

Agents:

JAVA CHINA JAPAN LIJN

York Building,

Chater Road

Telephone No. 774.

PACIFIC SHIPPING.

CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD.

(Incorporated in U.S.A.)

OPERATING FAST FREIGHT AND PASSENGER STEAMERS

"NANKING" "CHINA" "KILE" "CORJISTAN"

"ARMANESTAN"

AN UNSURPASSED HIGH CLASS PASSENGER SERVICE

FIRST CLASS FARE TO EUROPEAN PORTS

Minimum Rate U.S.G. \$577.07

Maximum Rate U.S.G. \$628.50

First Class Accommodation Throughout.

Trans-Pacific Service

HONGKONG TO SAN FRANCISCO

Via Shanghai, Nagasaki, Yokohama & Honolulu.

S.S. NANKING S.S. CHINA S.S. NILE

August 17th. at noon. September 16th. September 30th.

Java Service

HONGKONG TO AMOY, SINGAPORE AND

JAVA PORTS.

S.S. CORJISTAN S.S. ARMANESTAN

on or about August 22nd. on or about September 9th.

FAST FREIGHT SERVICE

Through Bills of Lading issued to all ports in United States & Canada

also

Cargo accepted on Through Bills of Lading for transshipment at San

Francisco to a nearby wharf for principal Atlantic Ports.

C. T. SURABOGE, GENERAL AGENT

PRINCE'S BUILDING, 100 HONG KONG STREET.

TELEPHONE, PASSAGE & DEPT. Tel. 795-792. & AGENT.

No. 1934. No. 2161.

Cable add. "CHIMAIL"

BOSTON & NEW YORK.

Joint service of the

"BLUE FUNNEL" LINE

(Ocean S. S. Co., Ltd., & China Mutual S. S. Co., Ltd.)

AMERICAN & MANCHURIAN LINE

(Kellerman & Bockheim S. S. Co., Ltd.)

Sailings from Hongkong:

S.S. TELEMACHUS ... via Suez Canal ... 15th Aug.

S.S. CITY OF HAGDAD ... via Suez Canal ... 25th Aug.

S.S. CITY OF LINCOLN ... via Suez Canal ... 5th Sept.

S.S. TITAN ... via Suez Canal ... 15th Sept.

Steamers proceed via Suez Canal or Panama Canal, at passenger's option

Subject to change without notice

For freight and particulars apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

(John Swire & Sons, Ltd.)

HONGKONG & CANTON

REISS & CO. ANTON

MESSAGE S MARITIMES

SERVICE CONTRACTUALS.

(Mail service under contract with the French Government)

Destination

Steamer & Displacement

Sailing Date

Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama

Marseilles via Haiphong

Suez, Singapore

Panama, Colon

Dijonville, Suez and

Port-Saïd

Havre, Dunkirk

Antwerp

Also service to BORDEAUX, HAVRE, DUNKIRK,

& ANTWERP (on application).

For further particulars, apply to

CONSIGNATION—FRANST—

REPRESENTATION.

Telephone No. 740.

A. JOBARD,

Agent.

Queen's Building.

Launch of Oil Tanker "PALUDINA" at KOWLOON DOCK.

The Anglo-Saxon Petroleum Co. Ltd.

Please Address all orders to the Chief Manager:

R. M. DYER, B.Sc., M.I.N.A., KOWLOON DOCK, HONGKONG.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

TOKYO EXHIBITION.

Tokyo, July 31.—The Peace Exhibition in Tokyo held its closing ceremony in the Peace Hall at 6 p.m. on July 31. The total number of visitors at the Exhibition reached over 10,000,000 persons and the Exhibition has had no small share in the development of the knowledge of industries for the people of Japan.

—E. N. A.

ADVERTISING BY POSTMARK.

The use by the (Home) Post Office of the obliterating stamp on postal matter for the purpose of making requests and appeals to the public is proving of great value. Recently there was introduced the slogan, "Post early in the day," and later a new departure was made when the country mail dispatch from London bore advice with regard to the use of the Imperial cable. The new appeal, in an oblong panel stamp, is in these words: "Cable to Canada, Australia, and New Zealand via Imperial." It will appear on seven million letters weekly.

AMERICA'S ADVANTAGE IN INDUSTRY.

The fact the America has more than three-quarters of the gold in the world, declared Lord Leverhulme at Bolton recently, is not one of the things that will count in the competition between nations. Lord Leverhulme, who just returned from the United States, states that the people there are forming better habits than are the English. "If I go to an English hotel," he added, "and in order to catch an early train, desire my breakfast at seven o'clock, I am handed over to a night-watchman or a night-waiter, who gives me some cold stuff said to be tea. In New York the hotels are in full swing at that hour. If I want an early shave I find a notice in the barber's window telling me his hours are from 7.30 in the morning until eight at night. If anybody goes at 7.30 a.m. he's not there, because people have got into the habit of going at night. In the best hotels in New York you can be shaved at six in the morning, so that the Americans are early risers." Lord Leverhulme spoke of young men in certain English society who, sure of a legacy, considered it lowering to work. This was not the case in America. Americans also displayed self-control in regard to alcoholism long before prohibition obtained. It was the exception to see alcohol on a dinner table in a New York hotel even in those days, whereas in England it was the exception to see a table without alcohol. England to-day owed America more than America is saving by prohibition. "It is these habits that are the danger and the things that will count in the competition between the nations," his lordship asserted.

THE HONGKONG & WHAMPOA DOCK CO., LTD.

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: "MANIFESTO" HONGKONG.

Codes used: A1; A.B.C. Fifth Edition; Engineering, First and Second Edition.

Western Union and Watkins, Bantleys and Marconi.

Dock Owners, Ship Builders, Marine and Land Engineers, Boiler Makers,

Iron and Brass Founders, Forge Masters, Electricians

Kowloon Docks

No. 1. Length

700ft.

Breadth 86ft.

No. 2. Length

371ft.

Breadth 74ft.

No. 3. Length

241ft.

Breadth 49ft.

No. 1 Slip

Length 240ft.

Breadth 50ft.

No. 2 Slip

Length 220ft.

Breadth 60ft.



Launch of Oil Tanker "PALUDINA" at KOWLOON DOCK.

The Anglo-Saxon Petroleum Co. Ltd.

Please Address all orders to the Chief Manager:

R. M. DYER, B.Sc., M.I.N.A., KOWLOON DOCK, HONGKONG.

[Tel-Kok-Tsu]

COSMOPOLITAN

DOCK

Length 460ft.

Breadth 86ft. 6in.

Aberdeen

HOPE DOCK

Length 430ft.

Breadth 84ft.

LAMONY DOCK

Length 332ft.

Breadth 40ft.

Shipping to Europe, Australia, and other Ports.

P. & O.-BRITISH INDIA, APCAR AND EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN LINES

(COMPANIES INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND)

TO
 STRAITS & BURMA, CEYLON, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF, WEST INDIES, MADAGASCAR, EAST & SOUTH AFRICA, AUSTRALASIA, INCLUDING NEW ZEALAND & QUEENSLAND PORTS, AND S.W. AFRICA, THROUGH WEST PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL FORTNIGHTLY DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS (UNDER CONTRACT WITH H. M. GOVERNMENT.)

S.S.	Tons	From Hong-kong (about)	Destination
SARINIA	6,684	17 Aug. H.M.	St. Aden, P.S. M'les, L'don
SICILIA	6,782	19 Aug.	Spore, Pang, Cbo & B'bay
JEYPORE	6,580	25 Aug.	Spore, Pang, Cbo & B'bay
DEVANHA	6,082	30 Aug.	M'les, London & Antwerp
NOVARA	6,850	13th Sept.	M'les, London & Antwerp
MACDONIA	11,080	27th Sept.	B'bay, M'les, L'don, Antwerp
KALYAN	9,000	11th Oct.	M'les, London & Antwerp

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS (South)

TANDA	6,936	19th Aug.	C'ia via Spore & Penang.
-------	-------	-----------	--------------------------

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (South)

EASTERN	4,000	31st Aug.	Manila, Thurs. Island, Cairns, Trille, Brisbane, Sydney and Melbourne
---------	-------	-----------	---

The Union & Company's steamers from Australia to the East Coast, via the Cape, will be as follows:
 The "P. & O. British India" steamers to London & Antwerp, via the Cape, will be as follows:
 The "P. & O. British India" steamers to London & Antwerp, via the Cape, will be as follows:

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN.

NOVARA	6,850	14 Aug. noon	S'hai, Moji, Kobe, Y'hama
TAKADA	6,919	17 Aug. d'light	Amoy, Shanghai & Japan
TORILLA	5,205	27th Aug.	Japan.
KALYAN	9,000	28th Aug.	Shanghai & Japan.

S. Cargo only.

All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice.

WIRELESS ON ALL STEAMERS.

Passenger Messengers will be on duty 24 hours, and will be received at the Company's Office up to 10 p.m. on the day previous to sailing.

For Passage Rates, Handbooks, Freight, etc., apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.

32, Des Voeux Road, Central. Agents.

GLEN AND SHIRE.

JOINT SERVICE OF STEAMERS.

U.K., STRAITS, CHINA & JAPAN Service.

OUTWARDS.

Vessel.	Leaves Hongkong.	Discharges.
S.S. GLENARIFFE	30th August.	
S.S. GLENAMORY	20th September.	
S.S. GLENODLE	4th October.	

HOMEWARDS.

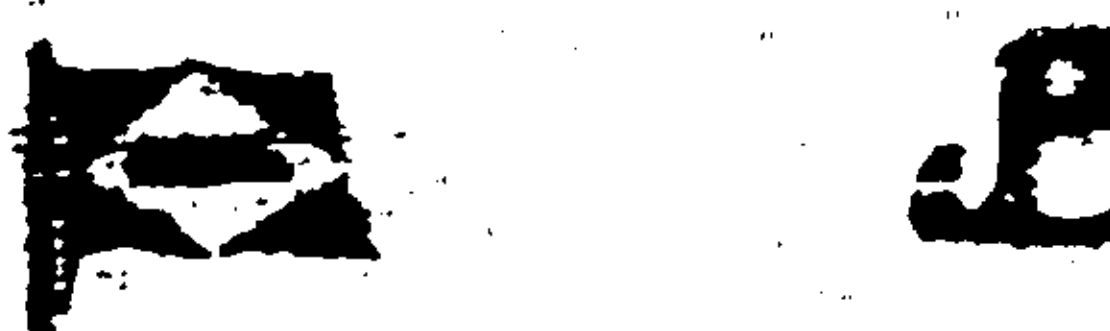
Vessel.	Leaves Hongkong.	Discharges.
S.S. GLENSHANE	28th Aug. G.O.A. L'DON, A'WERR, R'DAM, H'BURG.	
S.S. GLENLUCE	2nd Sept. G.O.A. L'DON, A'WERR, R'DAM, H'BURG.	
S.S. PEMBRUKESHIRE	24th Sept. G.O.A. L'DON, A'WERR, R'DAM, H'BURG.	

Movements are subject to change without notice.
 For freight or further particulars please apply to—

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.

AGENTS THE GLEN LINE, LTD.

Telephone No. 215, sub-ex. 23 and 3695

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.

Regular Fortnightly Service between

JAVA, CHINA and JAPAN.

STEAMER	From	Expected on or about	Will leave on or about	For
Tjilatjap	Java	in port	12th Aug.	Soerabaya
Tjandari	N. China	13th Aug.	15th Aug.	Batavia
Tjisanas	Java	15th Aug.	17th Aug.	M'lar, S'hai
Tjisalak	Java	16th Aug.	18th Aug.	S'hai, Y'hama
Tjikembang	Java	17th Aug.	19th Aug.	Batavia

The steamers are all fitted throughout with electric light and have accommodation for a limited number of saloon-passengers. All steamers carry a duly qualified surgeon. Cargo taken at through rates to all ports in Netherlands-India and Australia.

ALSO OPERATING**JAVA PACIFIC LIJN.**

NEXT SAILING.

STEAMER	From	Expected on or about	Will leave on or about	For

Through Bills of Lading issued to U.S.A. and Canadian

Overland Routes.

For Freight and Passage apply to the

Java-China-Japan Lijn.

Telephone No. 1574. York Buildings.

Shipping to Europe, Australia, and other Ports.

N. Y. K.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

VICTORIA, SEATTLE & VANCOUVER via S'hai & Japan ports.
 Through Bills of Lading issued to all Overland Common Points in U.S.A. & Canada.
 KAGA MARU (Calling Keelung) Saturday, 19th Aug. at 11 a.m.
 IYO MARU (Nagasaki direct) Sat. 16th Sept. at 11 a.m.
 MARSEILLES, LONDON & ANTWERP via Singapore, etc.
 KAKO MARU Friday. 15th Aug. at 11 a.m.
 KATORI MARU Friday. 1st Sept. at 11 a.m.
 HAMBURG via LONDON, ROTTERDAM.
 LIMA MARU Friday, 8th September.
 LIVERPOOL via MARSEILLES & GLASGOW.
 BNSAL MARU Sunday, 3rd September.
 SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila, etc.
 ARI MARU Tuesday. 15th Aug. at 11 a.m.
 TANGO MARU Tuesday. 19th Sept. at 11 a.m.
 NEW YORK via PANAMA.
 LYONS MARU Middle of September.
 NEW YORK via Suez.
 RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS & BUENOS AIRES via Cape.
 DOMBAY via Singapore, Penang & Colombo.

CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.
 (Saka Maru) Friday, 18th Aug.
 NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.
 TANGO MARU Thursday, 17th Aug. at 11 a.m.
 SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.
 BEYO MARU (Calling Keelung) Monday, 14th August.
 KASHIMA MARU Wednesday, 16th Aug. at 11 a.m.
 For further information apply to— **NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.**
 Telephone Nos. 292 & 293. K. H. KAMEI, Manager.

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

REGULAR SAILINGS TO NEW YORK & BOSTON
 FOR NEW YORK & BOSTON.

S.S. "MAURE CASTLE" Sailing middle of September.

LLOYD TRIESTINO.

Taking cargo on through Bills of Lading for Levant, Black Sea and Danube Ports.
 PRIME LADING been re-opened for traffic, cargo is also accepted for this port on through Bills of Lading.

FOR SHANGHAI.

S.S. "TRACIA" Sailing on or about 19th August.
 S.S. "PERSIA" Sailing on or about 15th Sept.

FOR BRINDISI, VENICE & TRIESTE.

Via Singapore, Penang and Colombo.
 S.S. "TRACIA" Sailing on or about 5th September.
 S.S. "PERSIA" Sailing on or about 25th September.
 Passengers' Luggage can be insured at the office of the Agents.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS

Regular Passenger and Cargo Service.

FROM CALCUTTA TO SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.
 S.S. "UNONA" Sailing 30th August.
 Through Bills of Lading issued from Hongkong.

For Freight or Passage on any of the above Lines apply to—

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

Telephone 1039. Agents.

AUSTRALIAN ORIENTAL LINE.

HONGKONG TO PHILIPPINES & AUSTRALIAN PORTS.
 SAILING (SUBJECT TO ALTERATION).

Steamer	Arrives Hongkong from Australia	Leaves Hongkong for Australia
---------	---------------------------------	-------------------------------

This steamer is fitted with Refrigerating machinery, ensuring a plentiful supply of ice, fresh provisions etc. and has superior accommodation with Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in the State-rooms. A duly qualified Doctor is carried. Reduced Fares. Cargo booked through to all Australian, New Zealand and Tasmanian ports.

For Freight and Passage apply to

Butterfield & Swire.

(JOHN SWIRE & SONS, LTD.)

Telephone No. 36. Agents.

"ELLERMAN" LINE.

(ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL STEAMSHIP CO. LTD.)

FREIGHT & PASSENGER SERVICE**OUTWARDS.**

Steamer	From	Expected on or about	Will leave on or about	For
City of Sydney	26th August.			Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama

City of Manchester 24th Aug. Marseilles, L'don, Antwerp & H'burg
 City of Florence 5th Sept. London, Antwerp, R'dam & Hamburg

Subject to change without notice.

For particulars of freight and passage rates apply to—

THE BANK LINE, LTD.,

or to REISS & Co. Canton

General Agents.

SIAMESE STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Sailings from Hongkong—

For

SINGAPORE, Penang, etc.

For further particulars apply to—

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

(JOHN SWIRE & SONS, LTD.)

Agents.

Tel. 36

COASTAL SHIPPING.**INDO CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.**

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

Destination	Steamer	Sailing
TTAO via S'hai & S'hai Wingsang	Tues. 15th Aug. at noon.	
BANGKOK via Swatow, Foochow	Tues. 15th Aug. at noon.	
HAIPHONG via Hoihow, Mingsang	Wed. 16th Aug. at d'light	
SANDAKAN	Wed. 16th Aug. at noon.	
TIENTSIN	Fri. 18th Aug. at noon.	
TTAO via S'hai & S'hai Wingsang	Fri. 18th Aug. at noon.	
MANILA	Fri. 18th Aug. at 3 p.m.	
STRAITS & Calcutta	Sat. 19th Aug. at 3 p.m.	
KOBE	Mon. 23rd Aug. at noon.	

CALCUTTA LINE—This Line now affords regular sailings to Calcutta, Penang and Singapore. Returns from Calcutta steamers proceed via Straits and Hongkong to Japan occasionally calling at Shanghai.

All steamers have excellent passenger accommodation, are fitted with Electric Light & Fans and carry a fully qualified Surgeon. SHANGHAI LINE—Sailings approximately every three days between Canton and Shanghai, sometimes calling at Swatow. Through tickets can be obtained and through Bills of Lading are issued all to Northern and Yangtze Ports via Shanghai.

MANILA LINE—A weekly service is maintained with Manila by vessels with good passenger accommodation, sailings from both ports every Friday.

HAIPHONG LINE—Sailings approximately weekly for passengers and cargo, calling at Hoihow when inducement offers. BORNEO LINE—Fortnightly sailings to and from Sandakan by two 3,000 ton steamers s.s. "HINSANG" & "MAUSANG" both steamers having excellent passenger accommodation. Cargo taken on through Bills of Lading for Kudat, Jesselton, Labuan, Tawao and Lahad Datu.

TIENTSIN LINE—A regular service is run from March to Nov between Hongkong & Tientsin calling at Weihaiwei & Chefoo. BANGKOK LINE—A weekly service is provided between Hongkong and Bangkok, via Swatow, by five steamers fitted with up-to-date passenger accommodation.

CALCUTTA LINE.

S.S. "Laisang" will be despatched on or about Saturday, 10th Aug. at 3 p.m. for SINGAPORE, PENANG & CALCUTTA. Through Bills of Lading issued to RANGOON, FOW, SWITZERLAND & MADRAS & DUTCH EAST INDIES.

For Freight or Passage apply to—

JARDINE MATHESON & CO., LTD.

Telephone No. 215.

General Managers.

C. N. C.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION

For	Steamers	To Sail
SWATOW & BANGKOK	Kwangchow	15th Aug. at 4 p.m.
SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	Luchow	16th Aug. at 4 p.m.
AMOI & SHANGHAI	Suiyang	17th Aug. at 10 a.m.
SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	Soochow	18th Aug. at 4 p.m.
SWATOW & SINGAPORE	Kwangtung	20th Aug. at 2 p.m.
H'HOW, PHOI, H'PHONG	Kaileng	22nd Aug. at d'light
SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	Kanchow	22nd Aug. at 4 p.m.
W'WRI C'FOO, TIENTSIN	Huichow	22nd Aug. at 4 p.m.

SHANGHAI LINE—PASSENGERS, MAILS AND CARGO. Excellent Saloon accommodation, electric fans in Saloon and State-rooms. Regular schedule service between Canton, Hongkong and Shanghai (thrice weekly) and Tientsin (weekly), taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports. Passengers are landed in Shanghai, avoiding the inconvenience of transshipment at Woosung.

BANGKOK LINE—Weekly service to and from B'kor via S'hai

For Freight or Passage apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

(JOHN SWIRE & SONS, LTD.)

AGENTS.

Telephone No. 36. Cargo and baggage can be insured at the above office.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO. LTD.

HONGKONG & SOUTH CHINA COAST PORTS SERVICE.

Regular Service of Fast, High Class Coast Steamers having good accommodation for First Class Passengers. Electric Light and Fans in state-rooms and Saloon and Excellent Cuisine.

Per Swatow, Amoy and Foochow and Returns.

(Occupying 9 to 10 days.)

Steamships	Captain	Leaving
Hailong	W. C. Parimore	TUES. 15th Aug. at 1 p.m.
Hailong	J. S. Thomson	TUES. 22nd Aug. at 1 p.m.

Arrivals and Departures from the Co's Wharf (near Blake Pier.)

For Freight and Passage, apply to

Douglas LaPrak & Co.,

General Managers.

NANYO YUSEN KAISHA.

The South Sea Mail S.S. Co., Ltd.)

REGULAR FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE

between

JAPAN, HONGKONG & JAVA.

For Batavia, Samarang & Sourabaya.

S.S. MACASSAR MARU Sailing on or about 27th Aug.

For Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.

S.S. SAMARANG MARU Sailing on or about 31st Aug.

For further particulars please apply to—

Tel. No. 3205.

Second Floor, Prince's Building.

K. SUZUKI,

Manager.

SHIPPING NEWS.**JAPANESE SHIPOWNERS' ALERTNESS.**

A meeting on July 18 at the Maritime Transportation Club in Kobe of shipowners and others interested in shipping passed the following resolution:—The Government seems to be without fixed policy regarding the ever declining shipping enterprise of the Empire, since the restoration of peace. If the country is to maintain its position as at present among the world powers in shipping, more positive efforts should be made by the authorities for the improvement of the situation. The meeting appointed a committee of nine, who will submit to the Government the above resolution.

THE ATTEMPT TO SALVE THE LUSITANIA.

The German Nationalist party has put down the following question to be asked in the Reichstag:—A specially formed Anglo-American Company is shortly to attempt the salvage of the Lusitania, which was sunk by German U-boats. According to reliable information it is intended to make away with the ammunition, torpedoes, and two submarines forming part of the ship's cargo. The sinking of the Lusitania was extensively used for anti-German propaganda, especially to draw the United States into the war. There is, therefore, particular interest in establishing that the sinking took place in accordance with the laws of warfare, because the German Government was in possession of definite information that the ship had contraband on board. Is the German Government prepared to take steps to ensure that a German export should be allowed to be present throughout the salvaging operations?

EXPIRY OF ARTICLES.

Questions have arisen as to termination of articles when the period therein stated and the date of arrival do not agree. The following clean-cut set of rules defining the rights of the respective parties on United States vessels in such cases has recently been given judicial approval: (1) The master cannot discharge the crew, and the crew cannot demand wages in full, until the end of the voyage. (2) The end of the voyage is not a port in distress, but the port of destination. (3) Seamen are bound to serve until the voyage ends in the port of destination, unless there has been a breach of the contract by the master as to the time of the voyage or in some other material particular. (4) Extension of the time of the voyage by intention or neglect of the master is such a breach of the contract as entitles the seamen to demand their release on that ground in any safe port.

SHIP "SURGERY."

The United States naval authorities have taken a leaf out of our book, says the *Journal of Commerce*, in bringing off a particularly clever piece of ship surgery, which has restored to the fleet a first-class destroyer of the most up-to-date flush-deck type in place of two that were only fit for the scrapheap. One case occurred during the war, when the Tribal destroyer Zulu and Zubien both continued to meet with misadventure at the hands of the enemy. We wanted fast ships badly for the pursuit of enemy submarines, with the result that the bow of one was joined to the stern of another, and H.M.S. Zulu came into being, which was generally referred to as a Hawthornycroft built boat. A very efficient boat she was, too, but the joke of the matter was that a German agent spotted a bluejacket, with Zulu on his cap tally and straightway reported it to his superiors in Berlin. They could not fit such a name in with any of our systems ofomenclature that they had learned, with the result that they were willing to believe the worst, and, imagining that we were bringing out an entirely new type, wasted a lot of time trying to get full details. On the other side of the Atlantic the destroyer Graham was run down by a Government passenger steamer some months ago, and a short length of her bow was the only part that they managed to get into port in sufficiently good condition to be worth preserving. Recently her sister the Hulbert tried conclusions with something of a good deal better luck, and was sent home with a damaged bow and a damaged stern. The Graham's bow and as they were exact sisters and built very accurately, they have been joined, with the minimum of trouble. Welding was used in this case with complete success.

NOTICE.

YEE SANG FAT CO

Just Arrived



"SWIMEASY"

Worsted and Wool

BATHING SUITS

for

Ladies,

Gentlemen

and

Children.

Practical and Dressy Style

Large Assortment of

WATER WINGS

Price \$1.25

a pair

YEE SANG FAT CO.

OUR EXTRAORDINARY

SALE

NOW PROCEEDING

PRICES CUT DRASTICALLY

Wonderful Bargains

SEIZE your OPPORTUNITIES when you see them—visit this sale TO-DAY.

THE SINCERE CO., LTD.

WU'S CIRCULAR ON EDUCATION.

Additional Funds to be Provided.

As a result of the circular telegram from General Wu Peifu advocating improvement in the national education of China, the Cabinet, says a Peking message, has passed a resolution authorizing the Ministry of Communications, in addition, to the two hundred and twenty thousand dollars monthly allowance for the maintenance of the eight

government educational institutions, to put aside the sum of seventy thousand dollars for educational purposes in the capital, commencing from first August, 1922. In the circles of Chihli leaders, the telegram from General Wu is regarded as an indication that the two chiefs of the Chihli faction have no serious dispute and that the telegram from Loyang means General Wu's concurrence in the view expressed in Marshal Tsoo Kun's wire about the necessity for the improvement of the Chinese national education.

EXCHANGE.

(Opening Rate closing Rate on Page 1).

SELLING.

T/T	26 1/2
Demand	26 9/16
30 d/s	
4 m/s	26 1/2
T/T Shanghai	Nom.
T/T Singapore	109 1/2
T/T Japan	118
T/T India	195
Demand, India	
T/T San Francisco & New York	56 1/2
T/T Java	143
T/T Manila	Nom.
T/T France	7.10
Demand, Paris	

BUYING.

1 m/s. L/C	27 3/4
1 m/s. D/P	27 5/8
6 m/s. L/C	27 1/2
30 d/s. Sydney and Melbourne	28
30 d/s. San Francisco & New York	56 1/2
4 m/s. Marks	Nom.
4 m/s. France	7.45
5 m/s. France	7.55
Demand, Germany	
Demand, New York	56 3/4
T/T Bombay	195
Demand, Bombay	
T/T Calcutta	195
Demand, Calcutta	
On Yokohama	119
Demand, Manila	114 1/2
Demand, Singapore	109 1/2
Demand, Batavia	148
On Haiphong	Nom.
On Saigon	
On Bangkok	82
Sovereign	7.70
Gold leaf per Tael	34 1/2
34 1/2 forward	34 3/4
Bank of England rates	3 1/2
New York/London	4.16 1/2

SUBSIDIARY COINS.

H'kong 50 ct. pieces	par
10 "	1 1/2 pm.
5 "	1 1/4 dis.
Canton sub. coins	19.9% dis.

Hongkong, August 14, 1922.

WEATHER REPORT.

Aug. 14d 10h. 34m. Pressure has increased considerably over N.E. Japan, and moderately at Shanghai. It has decreased moderately over the Bonins and is nearly stationary in southern districts. The Shanghai typhoon is filling up in about Lat. 32° N. and Long. 115° E.

The Bonins typhoon was in about Lat. 26° N. Long. 142° E. At 6 a.m. this morning, moving northward.

Hongkong Rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.50 inch. Total since January 1st, 42.52 inches, against an average of 36.87 inches.

FORECAST FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT NOON TO-MORROW.

District	Forecast
Formosa Channel	
South coast of China between H.K. & Lamoocks	S. or variable winds.
Hongkong to moderate Gap Rock	to light fair.
South coast of China between H.K. & Hainan	

J. F. CLAXTON, Director. H.K. Observatory, Aug. 11, 1922.

TIME SIGNALS.

The time ball on Kowloon Signal Hill is dropped daily at 10 a.m. and 4 p.m., except on Saturdays when it is dropped at 10 a.m. and 1 p.m. and on Sundays and Holidays when it is dropped at 10 a.m. only.

The ball is hoisted half mast at the 55th minute and full mast at the 5th minute. Should the ball fail to drop at the correct time, it will be lowered at five minutes past the hour and the ordinary routine repeated at the following hour, if possible.

Should the time ball be out of order the above routine will be carried out with flag "Z" on the storm signal mast.

Time signals are also given at night by means of three white lamps mounted vertically on the Observatory wireless mast. From 8h. 56m. 0s to 9h. 0m. 0s p.m. the lamps are extinguished momentarily at the even seconds except at the 2nd, 28th, 50th, 52nd, and 54th of each minute. The hours refer to Hongkong Standard Time (8 hours of time Greenwich).

ASIAN EXTENSION AUSTRAL-ASIAN & CHINA TELEGRAPH CO.

14 6/3rd, Rishelweil Armature, from Varelle.

E. F. AIRY, Superintendent. Hong, August 10, 1922.

HOTELS.

LEADING FAR EASTERN HOTELS.

HONGKONG:
Hongkong Hotel, Peak Hotel, Repulse Bay Hotel.
SHANGHAI:
Astor House Hotel, Palace Hotel, Grand Hotel Kaluee.
PEKING:
Grand Hotel des Wagon Lits.
The Hongkong Hotel Co., Ltd. In conjunction with The Shanghai Hotels, Ltd., and The Grand Hotel des Wagons Ltd.

KING EDWARD HOTEL.

CENTRAL LOCATION.
ELECTRIC LIFTS AND LIGHTING.
TELEPHONE ON EACH FLOOR.
HOTEL LAUNGE MEETS ALL STEAMERS.
Tel. 373 Telegraphic Address: "VICTORIA" J. WITCHELL, Manager.

THE EUROPE HOTEL.

SINGAPORE.

DANCING AFTER DINNER EVERY

MONDAY, WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

TEA DANCES

TUESDAYS AND THURSDAYS.

The Hotel Orchestra under the Direction of Mr. F. R. Martens.

Telephones in every Room.

Telegraphic Address: "EUROPE, SINGAPORE."

Telephone No. 2740 (9 lines).

THE EUROPE HOTEL, LTD.

ARTHUR E. ODELL, Manager.

KINGSLERE HOTEL MID-LEVEL

KNUTSFORD HOTEL KOWLOON

SACHSE, LENNOX & Co., General Agents Are resident Managers.

PALACE HOTEL, KOWLOON.

Two minutes from Ferry and Railway Station. Five minutes from Hongkong A. & S. Hotel. House in every respect and under English management. Large, well-furnished rooms. To use Mid. rate. Special arrangements for families on application to J. H. OXBERRY, Proprietor.



SOLE AGENT, MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA, LTD., HONGKONG.

RIVER LEVELS.

As a guide to shipmasters and others interested in the water levels of the river we have been requested by the Board of Conservancy Works of Kwangtung to publish the following table of water levels. The levels are taken at 10 a.m. each day.

Place of Observation	Highest W. L. over recorded Feet	Lowest W. L. over recorded Feet	W. L. Aug. 11 Feet	W. L. Aug. 12 Feet
Wuchow, West River	-19.50	-2.42	57.60	58.10
Kongmoon, Linkonghow, North	-14.70	-0.50	11.70	11.60
Samshui, East	-37.00	0	12.00	
Shaklung, East	-27.25	-5.60	20.10	20.90
	-15.15	-0.98	5.50	4.70

METEOROLOGICAL

Barometer	29.9 29.62 29.6
Temperature	89 81 84
Humidity	69 94 73
Wind Direction	W CALM NW
Wind Force	2 0 2
Weather	C 0 2
Rain	9.03 0.00 0.50
Highest open	61
Lowest open	61
Temperature on the 13th	
Temperature on the 14th	

T. F. CLAXTON, Director. H.K. Observatory, Aug. 14

TIDE TABLE.

19th to 20th. Aug. 1922.

High Water	Low Water	High Water	Low Water
Mean Time	Mean Time	Mean Time	Mean Time
14 m 1.13 5.1	14 m 1.13 5.1	14 m 1.13 5.1	14 m 1.13 5.1
15 m 1.13 5.1	15 m 1.13 5.1	15 m 1.13 5.1	15 m 1.13 5.1
16 m 1.13 5.1	16 m 1.13 5.1	16 m 1.13 5.1	16 m 1.13 5.1
17 m 1.13 5.1	17 m 1.13 5.1	17 m 1.13 5.1	17 m 1.13 5.1
18 m 1.13 5.1	18 m 1.13 5.1	18 m 1.13 5.1	18 m 1.13 5.1
19 m 1.13 5.1	19 m 1.13 5.1	19 m 1.13 5.1	19 m 1.13 5.1
20 m 1.13 5.1	20 m 1.13 5.1	20 m 1.13 5.1	20 m 1.13 5.1

ENTERTAINMENTS.

THE CORONET

At 2.30, 5.15, 7.15 and 9.15

NORMA TALMADGE

SHE LOVES AND LIES!

KOWLOON THEATRE

At 9.15 only

D. W. GRIFFITH presents

LILIAN GISH

THE GREATEST QUESTION.



Hongkong's Most Modern & Coolest Picture Palace.

TO-DAY at 5.15 and 9.15 p.m.

REALART PICTURES presents

ALICE BRADY

"OUT OF THE CHORUS"

SNOB POLLARD COMEDY.

PATHE NEWS.

2.30 & 7.15 p.m.

JUNE CAPRICE & GEORGE B. SEITZ in "SKY RANGER"

Episodes 8 and 9.

SUNDAY MATINEE, 6 p.m.

MA GUERITE CLARK

"LITTLE MISS HOOVER"

Usual Prices. Booking at the THEATRE.

STAR THEATRE.

PEKING ROAD, KOWLOON: Phone. K. 795.

The biggest house exhibiting the best pictures.

FRIDAY 11th. to MONDAY 14th. 3.30 & 9.15 p.m.

ENID BENNETT

in

"THE LAW OF MEN."

A Paramount Special.

Booking at the Star Ferry Wharf for Hongkong Residents

FREE FERRY TICKETS BOTH WAYS.

Open Daily 4.15 to 4.45 p.m. and 6 to 9 p.m.

Saturdays 2 to 2.15 p.m., 4.30 to 5.15 p.m. and 6 to 9 p.m.

SEE HAND BILLS.

PEAK TRAMWAYS CO., LTD.

TIME TABLE.

WEEK DAYS

From	To	Time
1.00	1.15	15 min
1.15	1.30	15 min
1.30	1.45	15 min
1.45	1.60	15 min
1.60	1.75	15 min
1.75	1.90	15 min
1.90	2.05	15 min
2.05	2.20	15 min
2.20	2.35	15 min
2.35	2.50	15 min
2.50	3.05	15 min

NIGHT CARS.

From	To	Time
1.00	1.15	15 min
1.15	1.30	15 min
1.30	1.45	15 min
1.45	1.60	15 min
1.60	1.75	15 min
1.75	1.90	15 min
1.90	2.05	15 min
2.05	2.20	15 min
2.20	2.35	15 min
2.35	2.50	15 min
2.50	3.05	15 min

SATURDAYS.

From	To	Time
1.00	1.15	15 min
1.15	1.30	15 min
1.30	1.45	15 min
1.45	1.60	15 min
1.60	1.75	15 min
1.75	1.90	15 min
1.90	2.05	15 min
2.05	2.20	15 min
2.20	2.35	15 min
2.35	2.50	15 min
2.50	3.05	15 min

SUNDAYS.

From	To	Time
1.00	1.15	15 min
1.15	1.30	15 min
1.30	1.45	15 min
1.45	1.60	15 min
1.60	1.75	15 min
1.75	1.90	15 min
1.90	2.05	15 min
2.05	2.20	15 min
2.20	2.35	15 min
2.35	2.50	15 min
2.50	3.05	15 min

NIGHT CARS.

From	To	Time
1.00	1.15	15 min
1.15	1.30	15 min
1.30	1.45	15 min
1.45	1.60	15 min
1.60	1.75	15 min
1.75	1.90	15 min
1.90	2.05	15 min
2.05	2.20	15 min
2.20	2.35	15 min
2.35	2.50	15 min
2.50	3.05	15 min

SPECIAL CARS.

From	To	Time
1.00	1.15	15 min
1.15	1.30	15 min
1.30	1.45	15 min
1.45	1.60	15 min
1.60	1.75	15 min
1.75	1.90	15 min
1.90	2.05	15 min
2.05	2.20	15 min
2.20	2.35	15 min
2.35	2.50	15 min
2.50	3.05	15 min

UNCLAIMED TELEGRAMS.

THE GREAT NORTHERN TELEGRAPH COMPANY, LTD.

Yukio Sakurachi, c/o Hako-

zaki Maru from Tokyo.

Mitani Hakozaiki Maru, from

Tokyo.

Hohenny Jardina, from Kobe.

Brazil Passenger Dongola,

from A. Loy.

Miss Helen Rysdorp, from

Shanghai.

Mimito, from Shanghai.

Kiyoshi Mitsuyoshi, from

Kai Miyoshikan, from Nagasaki.

Konghongtai, from Shanghai.

3047 (2), from Shanghai.

Ngheung, from Shanghai.

Wingum West Point, from

3057, from Shanghai.

Makwai Pingou Hotel, from

Peking.

9555, from Yokohama.

Wingum Guingles Victoria

Street, from Yokohama.

The K.M.C.

Superintendent

Hongkong, August 3, 1922